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IDENTIFIERS

*United States, Wisconsin

ABSTRACT

This teachers guide attempts to facilitate the study of the United States through a conceptual approach and multimedia instruction in a spiral curriculum. There are five units: 1) Natural Setting -- location, climate, terrain, water, soil, and economic and esthetic value, and conservation; 2) Historial Development -- North American Indian cultures, European exploration, settlement and life styles, economic, political, and religious factors, the American revolution and the development of the New Nation; 3) National Community --cclcnial origin, Declaration of Independence, governmental structure, National capital, historical documents and symbols; 4) National Growth --components of a democracy, government functions, scciocultural development, westward movement, Civil War, Industrial Revolution types of industry; and, 5) National Trends --technological, social, and economic trends. Each of the content sections outlines the major concepts, behavioral objectives, class activities, resources, and evaluation techniques. In addition, there is a list of tasic instructional materials including books, transparencies, records, filmstrips, maps, kits, 8mm films, tapes, and equipment. (SEE)



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Soint City School District Rr. ! West Allis, E West Milwaukee et al.

SINIES

SOCAL STUDIES

UNITED STATES

GRADE 5

SUPPLEMENT

Helpful Hint: NOTE: Staple to the inside of the cover of the social studies guide for ready reference. Insert staple from the outside to avoid possible scratching from rough edges. (We learned the hard way!)

GRADE 5 SUPPLEMENT

school year. The suggested modifications are contained in this supplement in an attempt school year in response to teacher suggestions made at meetings held during the 1968-1969 able, these are listed under the unit headings. to provide experienced and beginning teachers with a concise, usable guide. Where applic-The fifth grade social studies curriculum guide has been modified for the 1969-1970

pletely de-emphasize the remaining generalizations in the curriculum guide. be expanded upon as the pupils' schooling continues, there is no desire to forget or com-While it is felt that the generalizations and concepts listed below are key elements and position in this spiraling curriculum, should be considered for special emphasis. necessary factual knowledge, certain concepts and generalizations, due to their importance pupils gain understanding and knowledge of broad generalizations or concepts along with Since one of the major goars of the grade five social studies curriculum is to help

UNIT 1 - NATURAL SETTING

Generalizations and Concepts identified for emphasis

The United States occupies a uniquely located part of the rotating spherical earth and is related to all other nations in terms of size, distance, direction, and time. (Geography)

Different occupiers of the land including the Indians and Europeans have applied knowledge, tools, and ways of working to the natural habitat. As each group of settlers discovered and appraised the natural elements, they developed differing ways of living and working which have changed from time to time during the history of the country. (Geography)

Page Number in guide

Suggested Modifications

Language Today, deals with using resource materials. It could profitably be taught at

the beginning of the school year.

2. Chapters 10, 11, and 12 in the grade five science text, Science in Our World, deal with geology, conservation, and mineral treasures. These could profitably be taught at the beginning of the school year.

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3. Fieldtrips can be valid educational experiences. Check with building administrators as to procedures to be followed when planning such events.

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UNIT II - HISTORICAL DEVELOPMENT

Generalizations and Concepts identified for emphasis	Although different in appearance, the Indians lived in families and communities and carried on many activities similar to those of the white settlers. (Anthropology, Sociology)	Different occupiers of the land including Indians and Europeans have applied ingenuity, knowledge, tools, and ways of working to the natural habitat. (Geography)	Events in Europe influenced the historical development of the United States. (History)	People from many different social, economic, racial, ethnic, and national groups have settled in this country. (Anthropology, Sociology)	Only simple machines were used in colonial America because at that time either no one had invented better ones or no one could make machines which were being contemplated. (Economics)	People frequently rebel against their government when it negiccts the welfare of the people. (Political Science)
Page Number in guide	33	35	37, 39	<u> 4</u>	45	47
ļα	History, the text, Rise of the American Nation, has been provided for each Classroom.					

UNIT III - NATIONAL COMMUNITY

Each civilization has certain significant values and beliefs that influence its growth and development. Human liberty and justice are two values that are somewhat unique in our historical heritage which have been perpetuated through various monuments and symbols. (History)	As cultures become more complex and technology more advanced, there is some need for larger and larger governmental units. (Political Science)	The constitution is the supreme law of the land. (Political Science)	Our colonial experience helped to shape our national government and our federal constitution. (History)	Generalizations and Concepts identified for emphasis
67	63	57	55	Page Number in guide
				Suggested Modifications

UNIT IV - NATIONAL GROWTH

Man's effective use of machines has increased his productivity; this increased capacity to produce may influence the individual's and community's standard of living. (Economics)	trast with the attitude of feudalism and mercantilism toward labor was a unique feature of the American colonies. This meant that his reasonable ample reward for work became a most significant power in the developing market. (Economics)	ones or no one could make the machines which were being contemplated. (Economics)	Only simple machines were used in early America because at that time either no one had invented better	<pre>Individualism and equality of oppor- tunity basic to democracy are frequently challenged by the racist. (Political Science)</pre>	There is an interrelationship between local and state government as well as between the state and the national government as it tries to meet the needs of the people. (Political Science)	Generalizations and Concepts identified for emphasis
=	<u>=</u>		107, 117	103	<u>&</u>	Page Number in guide
ERIC AND TO STORM THE PROPERTY OF THE		3. It is recommended that item G entitled, Types of Industry, be eliminated from the curriculum. This material will be covered in detail in grade six.	for several years. The causes and effects of the war are more pertinent than details of the actual war itself.	period charts, etc. could be useful alternatives. 2. The civil war should receive proper emphasis as the pupils will not encounter this subject again	the second semester. The notebooks during the second semester. The notebook's main purpose is to provide the pupil with some form of continuity relative to the material covered. If the notebooks do become a chore they might be discontinued later in the year formed time.	Suggestad Madifications

UNIT V - NATICNAL TRENDS

the social and economic needs of the members of his cultures,	Generalizations and Concepts identified for emphasis Man can modify his environment. As man's ideas and technology change, his way of living and use of geographic elements may change. As societies grow and their cultures become more complex their laws and institutions also become more complex, as well as more numerous. Man modifies his culture to meet
	Page Number in guide 137
to review and summarize material covered during the year. a. A historical fair might be held. Pupils could do in depth studies and project work on some aspect of the United States development. Other classrooms could be invited to attend the fair. b. An imaginary trip in a time machine might be planned. Individual or small groups of pupils could select topics from a teacher prepared list. Items would summarize the material studied. Pupils could present dramatizations of events as the class carrying time machine moved through history.	Suggested Modifications 1. The material in this unit need not be covered in great detail unless available time and pupil interest dictate otherwise. Trends might be covered as various topics are taught throughout the year. 2. Chapter 4 in the grade five language text, Our Language Today, deals with a study of the newspaper. It might profitably be taught and correlated with the material on National Trends.

SOCIAL STUDIES

UNITED STATES

GRADE

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E. G. Kellogg Superintendent of Schools

Jt. City School District No. 1 West Allis-West Milwaukee, et al. U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION

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JOINT CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1
West Allis, West Milwaukee, et al.

PHILOSOPHY OF EDUCATION

wholesome spiritual, social, and civic attitudes, as well as academic proficiency. His education must, therefore, assure the attainment of certain common skills, that the fullest development of the abilities and personality of each pupil is vital. each child has his own interests, abilities, and needs; and by our sincere belief aware of the dignity and worth of the individual; by our acceptance of the fact that democratic way of life will endure. This can be achieved only by our being constantly every boy and girl so that the privileges and responsibilities inherent in our West Allis, West Milwaukee, et al., is to bring about the maximum development of information, and understandings essential to group living, and should develop The primary task of any school in Joint City School District No. 1,

schools, to inspire an appreciation of the beauty that is possible in the home, We must also try, through effective teaching and the physical environment of our an understanding of the necessity and desirability of wholesome family relationships. should develop good physical and mental health, the wise use of leisure time, and and in the community. The dignity of all work should constantly be kept before the children. We

where boys and girls may experience friendliness, responsibility, cooperativeness, competition, and an opportunity for leadership in civic, vocational, social, and and better adjustment to life. through the education of our young people - that the public schools dedicate academic areas. In short, education should lead to enriched living, personal satisfaction, It is to this end - a better life in our democratic society It should provide opportunities for group endeavor

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West Allis, West Milwaukee, et al. JOINT CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1

OBJECTIVES OF EDUCATION

In fulfilling its obligations to the boys and girls, the public schools of Joint City School District No. 1, West Allis, West Milwaukee, et al., will endeavor to provide opportunities for:

- capacities, needs, and interests. The development of each individual in keeping with his
- 2. The development of competence in fundamental academic skills.
- 4. ω The attainment of information and understandings essential The development of sound physical and mental health to group living.
- 6 5 The recognition of the worthy use of leisure time through The motivation of each individual toward preparing himself fitted. for earning a living in a vocation for which he is best
- recreational activities and an appreciation of the arts.
- 7. The stimulation of mental growth through scientific thinking.
- 8 The recognition of the responsibilities and privileges of family end community life.
- 9. ment of wholesome spiritual, social, and civic attitudes The understanding of the privileges and responsibilities inherent in a democratic way of life through the develop-

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FOREWORD

West Allis - West Milwaukee school system. It attempts to facilitate the study of and multi-media process have also been utilized. resulted in effecting desirable changed behavior in the learner. A multi-text incorporated in an effort to assist the teacher in determining if the approach has the UNITED STATES through a conceptual approach. Behavioral objectives have been This guide utilizes suggestions from fifth grade social studies teachers in the

will be even more effective than the ones listed. Hopefully, teachers will continue to look for other activities and resources that are not meant to restrict the teacher's initiative, resourcefulness, and creativity. While very specific activities, resources, and evaluations have been listed, these It is hoped that the guide will provide a workable framework for all teachers.

revision. Notation of special activities and materials for slow and accelerated for the fifth grade. Written notations in the guide can be invaluable for further learners will also be of great valua. This represents another step in the development of a social studies curriculum

E. G. Kellogg Superintendent of Schools



ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

FIFTH GRADE SOCIAL STUDIES COMMITTEE

Mr. Gustave Stowe - Chairman. Principal, Jefferson Mr. Harold Davies Principal, LaFollette Mr. William Jensen. Principal, Franklin Mr. Howard Kumbier. Principal, Woodrow Wilson Mr. William Noll. Principal, General Mitchell

Mr. Robert L. Johnson, Director of Instructional Services Mrs. Alice C. Maronn, English Language Arts and Social Studies Consultant Miss Myrtle L. Nyberg, Elementary Consultant

FIFTH GRADE SOCIAL STUDIES TEACHERS

WRITERS

Mrs. Sharon Baker Franklin
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Scope and Sequence. State Department of Public Instruction, for the Conceptual Framework and the Acknowledgment is also made to the Wisconsin State Social Studies Committee under the direction of Emlyn Jones, University of Wisconsin, and Russell C. Mosely,

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September, 1968



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UNITED STATES

LIST OF BASIC INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

I. MATERIALS SUPPLIED FOR EACH FIFTH GRADE CLASSROOM.

2	2	p-a	10	ن.	ω	U r	5	ч	QUANTITY
J	L	1	1	1	Manual	1	Ľ	None	TEACHERS EDITION
Your People And Mine Ginn	Trail Blazers of American History Ginn	Your Country's History Ginn	Trails To Freedom In American History Ginn	The Story of Our Country Harper & Row	Our Nation's Builders Merrill	Changing New World Silver-Burdett	This Is Our Land Singer	Flags Of America Ideals Publishing	TITLE



TITLE

TEACHERS EDITION

In These United States Heath	How Our Government Began Benefic Press	White House: An Historic Guide A.C. McClurg	Great Names In American History Laidlaw	Our Country Laidlaw	Our Constitution and What It Means McGraw Hill	The Progress of the Afro-American Benefic Press	The Northeast Fideler	The South Fideler	Midwest and Great Plains Fideler	California and The West Fideler	<u>Alaska</u> Fideler	Havaii Fideler
1	None	None	1	1	None					None	None	None
10			2	1 C	,	-	m	e	ന	3	~	~



QUANTITY

w	ω	ω	ω	QUANTITY
None	None	None	None	TEACHERS EDITION
Transportation	Great Americans Fideler	Colonial America Fideler	<u>Great Explorers</u> Fideler	TITLE

Transportation Fideler

III.



HT. MATERIAL SUPPLIED FOR EACH ELEMENTARY SCHOOL FOR USE IN FIFTH GRADE CLASSROOMS. (One set or copy per school)

QUANTITY

1 copy

TITLE

Annotated Edition (Rienow) The Citizen And His Government - Teacher's

1 item

1 set

World Time Dial

Aero/View Transparencies, AV 905 AVI01 Population Density

AV102 Climates

AV103 Annual Precipitation

AV104 American Indians

AV105 Natural Vegetation

AV107 Settlement of Pre-Coloniai America AV106 Major Land Forms

AV108 Fuel & Power

AV109 Predominant Economies

AVILI AV110 Major Cities and State Capitals

AV112 Metals Drainage Basins

AV113 Territorial Growth

AV114 Statehood Granted

AV115 Settlement of the West

AV116 AV117 Average Temperature Transportation

AV118

Divisions

Outline Map, U.S. Physiographic

AV119 Outline Map., U.S. with Streams AV120 Outline Map, U.S. without Streams

6 color filmstrips - 6 12" records Set #1 Folk Songs in American History Civil War The South Workers of America Revolutionary War Early Colony Days In Search of Gold

1 set



1 set

1 set

1 kit

1 set

1 se

TITLE

Set #2 Folk Songs in American History
6 color filmstrips - 6 12" records
Reconstruction and the West
Immigration and Industrialization
World War I
1920's and The Depression
World War II
Post War

Wisconsin Conceptual Transparencies
TC 148-5 plus teachers guide.
Wisconsin
Highways, Air Routes, Railroads
Pipelines Serve Wisconsin
Major Overseas Trade Routes from
the Port of Milwaukee
Number of Sailings - Milwaukee

SRA Kit: Organizing and Reporting Skills (Additional teacher handbooks)

Filmstrips - Maps, and How to Use Them with manual

ME22 Elements of a Map
ME23 Using Common Maps
ME24 Maps of Physical Features
ME26 The Globe
ME27 Using the Globe
ME28 Flat Maps of a Round Globe

with manual

ME1001 The Age of Exploration

ME1002 The American Indian

ME1003 The American Colonies

ME1004 Salem: Hub of Colonial

Commerce and Culture

ME1005 The Years of Revolution

Filmstrips - America's Progress Filmstrips

ME1007

George Washington's Mt. Vernon

a New Government

Jefferson and Monticello

ME1006

ME1008

Teach-A-Charts - Maps of American History ME1015 ME1013 ME1029 ME1028 ME1027 ME1026 ME 1025 ME1024 ME1023 ME1022 ME1021 ME1020 ME1019 ME 1017 90A ME1012 America Sails the Seas ME1011 River Boats and the Building ME1010 New York: Growth of a City WE1009 ME1030 Symbols of America WE1018 ME1016 Andrew Jackson's Hermitage The Statue of Liberty A Country Store A Country Divided and Reunited Lincoln: The Illinois Years When Cotton was King Golden Gate to the West Trails, Roads and Railroads The Buffalo and Westward Expansion The Airplane Changes America Education in America Land Of the Free Our National Capitals The Last Frontier Geographic Background The United States in the Pacific Currier and Ives' America Industry Changes America of America

#c-105

1 set



1 each

1 each

1 each

each

1 each

1 each

1 set

set

TITLE

Encyclopaddia Britannica Films Filmstrip - Sherman's March to the Sea

Encyclopaedia Britannica Films Filmstrip - The Reconstruction Period

Encyclopaedia Britannica Films Filmstrip - Where Clothes Come From

Encyclopaedia Britannica Films Filmstrip - Materials for Clothing

Encyclopaedia Britannica Films Filmstrip - Now Cloth Is Made

Encyclopaedia Britannica Films Filmstrip - The Clothing Factory

Stanley Bowmar (Filmstrips) Products and Industries Sets

4148 How We Get Our Cotton 4147 How We Get Our Copper 4146 How We Get Our Iron and Steel

4149 How We Get Our Rubber

4150 How We Get Our Coal 4151 How We Get Our Aluminum

Set 2

4155 How We Get Our Plastics 4156 How We Get Our Paper 4154 How We Get Our Glass 4153 How We Get Our Coffee

4157

How We Get Our Oil How We Get Our Sugar

VI-A.

TITLE

Set 3

How We Get Our Leather

How We Get Our Wool

How We Get Our Rayon

How We Get Our Gas

How We Get Our Electricity

How We Get Our Cement

1 set

III. MATERIALS AVAILABLE TO BE CHECKED OUT FROM THE EDUCATIONAL ADMINISTRATION CENTER ON A TEST OR PRE-VIEW BASIS. (One set for the school system)

1 kit	1 set each	1 set	1 set	1 set	1 kit	1 kit	1 each	1 each	QUANTITY
Principals and Ideals of American Life How Immigrants Contribute To Our Culture How Documents Preserve Freedom How Schools Aid Democracy How the American Economic System Functions How Money and Credit Help Us (Filmstrips and Books)	Time Line Cards Early Explorers Early Settlements Causes of the Revolution The Revolutionary War	Filmstrips - The Growth of Our Nation (with Teach-A-Tapes)	Filmstrips - Man Learns to Govern Himself (with Teach-A-Tapes)	Filmstrips - Constitution of the United States (with Teach-A-Tapes)	SEA Kit: Map and Globe Skills Kit	SRA Kit: Graph and Picture Study Skills Kit	Filmstrip - Geographic Background #90A	Filmstrip - The Surface of the Land #81C	TITLE

1 set

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George Catlin's American Indians
Printed Originals for Transparency



TITLE

l set

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l album

1 book

l album

1 book

set

l set

l set

Overland Trails West

Printed Originals for Transparency

Folk Songs of U.S.A. - a sound filmstrip set

Folk Songs of California and Old West sound filmstrip set

(North American Indian Songs

(North American Indian Songs

(Sing and Dance with the Pennsylvania Dutch

(Sing and Dance with the Pennsylvania Dutch

Filmstrips: Cities of Our Country with manual

Brady's War Between the States -Civil War Documentary Filmstrips:

(Available with Super 8mm. Technicolor Projector) Coronet Films (8mm): Living in Early America

The Mayflower Voyage

Life in the Jamestown Colony

Puritan Family Life

Boy of Colonial New England

Life in the Southern Colonies Life on the Appalachian Trail

A Frontier Outpost

The California Gold Rush Life With a Wagon Train

Pioneer Life in the Midwest

Filmsfrins: Als

IX.

Filmstrips: Alaska: Frontier State
Discovery and Development
The Land and Its Resources
The People and Their Way of Life

Commerce and Industry

Filmstrips: Hawaii: The Island State
Discovery and Development
The Islands and Their Resources
The People and Their Way of Life
Commerce and Ladustry

Filmstrips: Then and Now in the United States
Then and Now in New England
Then and Now along the Main Street
of the East
Then and Now in the Appalachian
Mountains

Then Then Then Then Then and Now in the Corn Belt Then and Then and Now in the Great Lakes Waterway and Now Now Now in the Cotton Belt Now in the Midwest Dairy Lands Now Now in the Tennessee Valley Now along the Lower Mississippi Now in the Old South Now between the Western Mountains Now in Texas on the Great Plains in Florida in the Rocky Mountains in the Southwest in the Pacific Northwest in California

1 pkg.

TITLE

Transparencies: United States Growth and

Expansion

Unit II: The Westward Movement 1790-1900 (5) Unit I: European Colonization in N.Amer. (5)

Unit IV: Transportation 1750-1960 (6)

Unit V: Population Growth 1800-1960 (5)

Series of Tapes: Famous Moments in History Come to Life (one each) HG51 - Journey to a New Land (2 parts)

HG52 - America's First Colony New England is Settled

The Revolutionary War Begins at HG53 - The Growing Storm of American Revolution Lexington

HG55 - First President of the United A Democracy Takes Shape States

HG56 - Settling West of the Appalachians Traveling with Lewis and Clark HG57 - The Louisiana Purchase (2 parts)

HG59 - West on the Oregon Trail Settling the Northwest

The California Gold Rush HG511- Early California

TITLE

HG512- Mr. Lincoln: Country Boy and Statesman (2 parts)

HG513- Seeds of the Civil War (2 parts)

HG514- The Civil War: Battles and Men (2 parts)

HG515- The South Builds Again
A Nation Reunited

HG517 1929 - The Nation's Economy Plunges
A Nation in Depression

ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC

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IV. INSTRUCTIONAL EQUIPMENT AVAILABLE TO EACH FIFTH GRADE TEACHER AT EACH SCHOOL BUILDING.

1 - Overhead Projector per Classroom (Supplied through N.D.E.A. Title III Funds. Specifically for Fifth Grade Teachers)

Tape Recorder

Record Player

Filmstrip Projector

Movie Projector

Transparency Maker



Natural Setting Unit I.

Location

In the solar system

On the earth

b. Parallels a. Meridians

On the Continent

Climate B. Influencing factors

Latitude

Distance from water

Mountain barriers

Others

Elements

Temperature

Precipitation

Wind

Barametric pressure Regional differences

Seasonal changes Growing seasons

Economic value 4.

Terrain ن ن

1. Elements

Plains Slope

Hills

Mountains

Surface material

Arrangement

Dimensions

Economic and esthetic value

Water

1. Distribution

1. Effect of elevation River systems

Relation to precipitation

Domestic

Industrial

Agricultural

Problems

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Purification Pollution

Control dams

Depletion

Conservation

So11 田. L. Distribution

Occupational relationships

Vegetation relationships

Economic value

Conservation

Historical Development

- Pre-exploration cultures Indians of the eastern
- Indians of the plains
- Indians of the Southwest
- Indians of the Northwest
- European interest and effort Desire for water routes
- Routes of explorers to the Indies
- Spanish
- French
- English
- Claims of nations Others (Portugal)
- Spanish
- English French
- Others

Settlements

- Reasons for founding
- Economic
- Political
- Religious
- Others
- Location
- Spanish French
- English
- Way of Life Others
- **Homes**
- Food
- Transportation

w • Way of life

- Homes
- Food
- Clothing
- Transportation Industry
- Education
- Communication
- Government
- Beliefs and values
- Recreation

Achieving Independence

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- Precipitating factors
- Internal factors
- External factors
- Colonial Leaders
- War of independence
- Paul Revere's Ride
- Lexington & Concord
- Washington at Valley Forge
- Surrender at Yorktown
- Establishing a New Nation
- Continental Congress
- Declaration of Independence
- Articles of Confederation
- Constitution, formation & development
- Three Branches
- Bill of Rights

New Setilements - Boonesborough New Routes - Wilderness Road & Admission of New States Scelological and Cultural Growth Northwest Territory South - Plantations Louisiana Territory Different ways of life Explorations & Settlements North - Industrial Gadsden Purchase Means of acquisition Additions to the Nations Oregon Territory States Rights Territory added Cultural influences Kentucky, etc. Disagreements Purchase Oregon Trail Frorida Slavery Alaska Treaty Tariff Westward Movement Statehood Contributions The causes Civil War Relationship of local, state & federal units. National Birth-Declaration of Independence functioning of governmental organizations Organizational structure of government Executive (President & Cabinet) Other governmental buildings Historical symbols and documents Declaration of Independence Others - Statue of Liberty Components of a democratic country Legislative (Congress) Organizational Structure Judicial (courts) National Anthem Constitution National capital White House Colonial Origin Shrines Capitol Others National Community Individual Flag Seal Families Villages Counties National Growth Government Cities Towns State δ. Unit IV.

The War

2.

- Leaders
- Important battles
- Physical & psychological results
- The Nation Unites Again
- Amendments
- Reconstruction
- Industrial Revolution
- Development of Industry
- Resources

Invention

- Communication
- Transportation
- Machinery
- Representative industries
- Textile
- Steel
- Effects of Industrialization
- Labor
- Growth
- Organizations
- Growth of Cities
- Types of Industry

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- Extractive Mining
- Fishing
- Lumbering
- Agriculture
- Fabricating
- Factory System Organization
- Capital
- Resources
- Labor
- Management
- Concentration of machines
- Automation
- ο, Examples of Fabricating Industries
- c. Purpose for Fabricating Industries

- Distributive Industries
- Distribution & Sales
- Communication Transportation

Unit V. National Trends

- Technological Trends
- 1. Automation Cybernetics (Computerizatio:
- Space Technology

Atomic & Solar Energy

Food production

- Travel
- Others
- **¤** Socio - Economic Trends Urban renewal
- Racial differences
- Education
- Welfare Programs
- Leisure Time

Population

Value changes

should be the ultimate guide. thoroughly. However, realizing there are individual differences, the teacher's good judgment

The time schedule has tentatively been planned to allot enough time to develop the concepts

I. Natural Setting

basic concepts, understandings, and skills. learning and permit each pupil to function successfully within his range so that he will acquire It is hoped that the units will provide a sound foundation for life-long social studies

CONTENT

part of the rotating spherical earth and is related to all other nations in terms of size, distance, direction, and time.

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES

- A. The pupil is to be able to locate and label on a map the continents, the United States in relation to the continents, hemispheres, the Prime Meridian, equator, the Tropic of Cancer, and the Tropic of Capricorn.
- B. The pupil is to be able to define orally and in writing: solar system, continents, hemisphere, equator, Prime Meridian, rotation, and revolution.

C. The pupil will be able to arrange the items in an address in order beginning with the name and ending with the universe.

I. Natural Setting

- A. Location
- 1. In the solar system
 - . On the earth
- a. Meridians b. Parallels
- On the continent

ACTIVITIES

The pupils will keep a running notebook of important data accumulated through these units.

- AA. The teacher will list the following vocabulary words on the board: continents, United States, hemispheres, the Prime Meridian, the equator, the Tropic of Cancer, and the Tropic of Capricorn, and the pupils will locate these places on a large wall map and in their atlases. This vocabulary list should be placed and kept in their notebooks.
- BB. The pupils are to add the additional vocabulary to their notebooks (solar system, rotation, revolution) and write a meaningful definition for all words listed.
- BB. Find where the United States is located in relation to the Prime Meridian.

 Definitions should be arrived at through discussion and/or through the observation of visual media such as a planetarium.
- CC. Discuss: "Where in the world are you?"
 Review vocabulary: continent, hemisphere,
 Prime Meridian, equator, and solar system.

EVALUATION

AA. Macmillan, Living in the Old World, pp. 2-3

AA. Singer, This is Our Land, (Glossary)
p. 9

will locate places listed in the vocabulary. Save desk maps in notebooks for future use.

On distributed desk maps, the pupils

BB. Singer, This is Our Land, p. 9

Matching quiz on vocabulary terms

CC. Supplement, "Where in the world are you?" (Activity on page 2 of this supplement) Filmstrip, Using the Globe, ME-27, Frames #13-15, Prime Meridian

2

1.

C. Provide each child with a scrambled address.
Pupil must unscramble.

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES -- Continued

D. The pupil is to be able to demonstrate the relationship between the tilt of the earth and the seasons by using the globe and flashlight.

The pupil will be able to diagram (on paper) the relationship between the tilt of the earth and the seasons with 100% accuracy.

ACTIVITIES -- Continued

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- DD. Discuss: "How long is it light enough to play outside?"

 a. Difference between night and day: rotation, axis. Time differences.
- b. Shorter days as winter approaches: revolution, seasons, Tropic of Cancer, Tropic of Capricorn, equinox, tilt of the earth (23½°), sun rays
 - c. Diagram the tilt of the earth in relation to the seasons.

CNCEDT

CONTENT

A diagram of the classroom including a grid used to locate desks, etc., is a type of map which can be compared to a map used to locate the United

(Geography)

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES

A. The pupil must be able to plot specific points using a grid.

ACTIVITIES

AA. Show filmstrip to introduce the term "grid" and its importance in locating places on maps.

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Filmstrip, Flat Maps of a Round Globe, ME-28, Frames 1, 2, 27, 29 (rest too difficult)

Using frame 29, call attention to the

Filmstrip, Flat Maps of a Round Globe, ME-28, Frame 29 (rest too difficult) lines, "What are these lines for?"

> D. Given a diag of earth positions, the appropriate season in the northern hemispupil will label the positions with the

phere with 100% accuracy.

RESOURCES

AA. Filmstrip, Using Common Maps, ME-23, Emphasize frames 21-26

EVALUATION

A

Given a grid, the pupil will be asked supplement packet could be used. by the teacher. Grid activities in to plot specific points as indicated

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ACTIVITIES -- Continued

of desks, etc. in the classroom. Locate marking off in four foot intervals the Make a grid on your classroom floor by a series of crisscross lines which can be useful in determining the location marks A, B, C, etc. Do the same with the width of the room labeling these marks 1, 2, 3, etc. This grid forms desk area of the room. Label these the pupils desks, etc. within the squares by means of the A, B, C, -1, 2, 3, index . AA.

project the 3/4 grid transparency on a wall map of the world and locate various grid transparency, and a grease pencil, locate various pupils' desks. Then Using an overhead projector, a 3/4 places using grid coordinates.

Compare various kinds of maps to note the basic grid plan and see within which grid components the U. S. is located. BB.

The pupil is to be able to demonstrate pattern and the grid on a flat world the similarity between a basic grid å

Floor map of classroom made on transparency to use with overhead projector Road maps

B. Pupils will verbally pinpoint various places on the map.

A diagram showing the arrangement of the neighborhood is a type of map. Directions and distance and avenue of travel can be shown on these diagrams.

(Geography)

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES

A. Pupils will trace a given route on an individual diagram and list the directions and distance the route takes.

ACTIVITIES

- AA. Select main streets relative to locality. Show how the crisscross of the streets forms a grid in the village for locating buildings as the grid on the floor in the room was used for locating objects in the room.
- AA. Place 1/4" grid transparency over community map. (Note how it becomes easier to locate places.)
- AA. Have pupils trace a route on the transparency telling class directions and distance they are traveling.

AA. Map of the area of community near the school 1/4 grid transparency Dittc of community made on transparency

EVALUATION

Pupils will trace a given route on an individual diagram listing the directions and distances traveled.

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A A

CONTENT

The United States occupies a uniquely located part of the rotating spherical earth and is related to all other nations in terms of size, distance, direction, and time.

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES

- A. Pupil will verbally compare the size of the United States to other stated nations.
- B. Pupils will verbally state directions and distances of given nations from the United States.

ACTIVITES

- AA. Use the 3/4 grid transparency and project this image on a world wall map. Compare size of U. S. and other countries.
- BB. Using wall maps and desk atlases, class will state directions and distance of given nations from the United States.

CONCEPT

CONTENT

Line symbols are used for locating accurately areas of the world. The comparative position of the United States on the earth with respect to the other nations or with respect to the Poles and the equator may be shown. Maps of the United States and various states are often shown with different scales.

(Geography)

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES

A. Pupils will label the terms latitude, longitude, equator, Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Prime Meridian, and North and South Poles on an outline

ACTIVITIES

AA. Locate on globe and in atlases: equator, parallels and meridians, Poles, Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Circles, and a number of parallels and meridians.

AA. 3/4 grid transparency in supplement Wall map of world

EVALUATION

BB. Wall map
Desk atlas

Pupils will verbally compare size of the United States to other nations.

B. Pupils will verbally state directions and distances of given nations from the United States.

RESOURCES

AA. See Teacher's Supplement, Exercises
Using the Globe, Rand McNally, pp. 4-6

EVALUATION

in the appropriate places the terms latitude, longitude, equator, latitude, longitude, equator, latitude of Cancer and Capricorn, Prime Meridian, and North and South Poles.



4

ACTIVITIES -- Continued

- their notebooks. (Latitude, longitude, lists, and add the new labels to the Add the new vocabulary to vocabulary desk map the pupils are keeping in North Pole, South Pole.) AA.
- Using wall maps and atlases, give the latitude and longitude of specified BB.
- the pupils locate the places called for. Duplicate the exercises on latitude and longitude and through group work, have BB.
- View filmstrips to review vocabulary. ပ္ပ
- map pattern onto grid. Begin by illustra-Using degrees of latitude and longitude, and transparency provided. Then pupils points using the overhead projector ting the location of the first few should complete marking points and connect the marked points. ပ္ပ
- Filmstrip to develop the use of map symbols and scale of miles. DD.
- Introduce the term "great circle route," and view filmstrip for clarification. DD.
- View filmstrip. 8

Follow-up activities:

- Using a string and the scale of miles, find the shortest distance between a number of places on the globe.
 - Using various sized globes, note the difference in scale of miles. 2

Given a wall map and atlases, the pupil is to be able to locate specific areas of the world using lines of latitude and longitude.

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- Given a grid, the pupil is to be able to map a pattern using degrees of latitude and longitude.
- on a globe to find the shortest distance The pupil is to be able to use a string between two given points. ä

AA. Heath, In These United States, pp. 17-21

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Teacher's Supplement, #2, 3

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Given degrees of latitude and longitude

cc. Stress frames 25-26 Filmstrip, Using the Globe, ME-27,

if necessary.

с С. Teacher's Supplement, "Grid Activity," "Graphing," "South America, #6 + 14" Transparency grid

Dø. Filmstrip, Elements of a Map, ME-22, Scale of Miles and Legend

DD. Filmstrip, Using the Globe, ME-27, Frames 27-33, Great Circle

DD. See the Teacher's Supplement, Exercises Using the Globe, pp. 7-9

S. S.

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<u>.</u> Pupils will check their pattern against give the correct city. a key for accuracy, making corrections and using a desk atlas, the pupil is to

Ġ. distance between two given points by The pupil will find the shortest

using a string on a globe.

- With a desk atlas, the pupil is to be able to figure accurately the distance between designated cities using a scale of miles.
- F. Given an outline map, the pupils will locate, label, and give the significance of the International Date Line.
- G. The pupil is to be able to verbally identify the different time zones, using the U. S. as an example with its Eastern, Central, Mountain, and Pacific time.

distance between given cities, i.e., Chicago-San Francisco, Juneau-Dallas.

Using an atlas, practice finding the

EE.

- FF. Locate the International Date Line, and label it on the outline desk maps being kept.
- GG. Using the World Time Dial, practice finding different times. (Example: We start school at 8:30 a.m. What are the people in California doing?)

- H. The pupil is to be able to locate the U. S. in relation to the Tropics and the Polar regions and describe the various modes of dress and shelter relative to a given latitude belt.
- HH. Review vocabulary: Tropic of Cancer, Tropic of Capricorn, equinox, tilt of the earth (23½°), sun rays. (Use map, desk maps, and planetarium.)
- HH. Through discussion determine the latitude belts and how the people in these latitude belts would dress, live, work, eat.
 (A comparison would be a challenge for a faster group.)

- FF. Filmstrip, Using the Globe, ME-27, Frames 23-24
- GG. World Time Dial #16

- HH. Planetarium
- HH. Macmillan, Living in the Old World, pp. 5-7, 12-13
- HH. Laidlaw, Our Country, pp. 10-27 (Overview of how geography affects our lives. Lead into next chapter.)

- E. The pupil will be given ten sets of cities and be required to find the distance between them. (Give or take 50 miles.)
- F. Given an outline map, the pupils will locate, label, and explain the significance of the International Date Line.
- G. The teacher will provide problems such as the one given in the illustration, and the pupils will give the correct times.

 (An example might be the "late" broadcast of baseball games played in California.)

UNIT EVALUATION

Given a blank outline desk map, the pupils will correctly label the given items. The pupils will also match vocabulary words and definitions.

H. The pupil is to determine the latitude belts on a flat map. The teacher will have the pupils label the latitude belts.

લ્ડે પ્ **ન**,

Region refers to an area which is de-limited as being significantly different from other areas on the basis of one or more selected physical or cultural characteristics.

CONTENT

- Climate œ.
- Influencing factors
 - a. Latitude
- Distance from water
 - Mountain barriers
 - Others
- Elements
- Temperature
- Precipitation
 - Wind
- Barometric pressure
 - Regional differences
- Seasonal changes
 - Growing seasons
 - Economic value 4.

ACTIVITIES

Pupils will define in writing the terms

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES

"weather" and "climate,"

Differentiate between the terms "climate" and "weather" by looking the words up and comparing meaning. AA.

How has continuous recording of weather conditions helped us to understand climate?

Study and discuss the special purpose resources. Stress the physical map maps in the atlas as listed under for information. BB.

purpose maps such as rainfall, population,

vegetation, physical, political, etc.

The pupil will be able to verbally explain the function and use of special

В,

View filmstrip. BB.

AA. Dictionary

- BB. Singer, This Is Our Land, pp. 1-9
- BB. Atlas, pp. 12, 42-44
- BB. Macmillan, Living in the Olu rld, pp. 14-21
- BB. Filmstrip, Maps of Physical Features, ME-24

EVALUATION

- A. Given two definitions, the pupils will tell in writing which is "weather" and which is "climate."
- B. Given special purpose maps, the pupil will explain what information the map is conveying and its use.

ACTIVITIES -- Continued

- G. The pupil is to be able to identify in writing at least three factors that influence climate within the latitude belts.
- CC. Discuss what factors may influence climate within the latitude belt. (Oceans or water bodies, altitude, land cover, winds, and moisture.) Use atlas, p. 42, map l. Discuss using 40° N Latitude.
- l. Describe the climate where you live.
 - 2. Tell some of the things you can do because of your climate.
- 3. Tell some of the things you can't do because of your climate. *Select a place you would like to visit and find out all you can about its climate. (Follow the same line of development as above.)
- DD. Divide into groups to make a depth study of one of the following to report to
 - the class: A. Effects of climate on man

areas of the U.S., and how the climate there affects vegetation and the activities

The pupil is to be able to construct separate charts showing the different

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of man. (Areas could be North, South, East, West, or interesting variations.)

- How climate causes world trade. Relationship of climate to:
- Fruit and truck farming in the United States
- Dairy farming in the United States
- 3. Feed, grain, and livestock
- farming in the United States 4. Non-farming in the United States
- Cotton farming in the United States
 Ranching and grazing in the United States

On the basis of the reports given, keep a running chart indicating the effect of climate. Remove the chart after all reports have been completed.

*ENRICHMENT ACTIVITY

Macmillan, Living In the Old World, pp. 6-13 Atlas

The pupil is to list at least climate within a latitude belt. three of the factors that influence

DD. Atlas, Special purpose maps Laidlaw, Our Country, pp. 10-27 Fideler, Books used in relation to Macmillan, Living In the Old World, topics taken pp. 6-13

Ď. affects vegetation and activities or similar to the class chart telling how Each pupil is to construct a chart, occupations of man. the climate of at least three regions

Iowa Nevada	New York (Industrial)	REGION
·		VEGETATION
		OCCUPATION RECREATION
		RECREATION

ERIC

CONCEPT

The United States has many natural features formed by the forces of nature.

Content

C. Terrain

l. Elements a. Slope

1. Plains

2. Hilis3. Mountains

Surface material

c. Arrangement d. Dimensions

Economic and esthetic value

ACTIVITIES

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES

A.

The pupil will be able to list in writing at least three forces that helped to form the natural features

of the earth and tell how these forces helped form the features.

AA. Set up a model erosion board to demonstrate the power of wind and water to change terrain.

AA. As a class activity, construct a chart showing how the forces within the earth and the forces outside the earth have changed the surface of the earth. Through discussion add to and complete the following:

Wind
Wind
Water
Tce-Glaciers
Volcanic Action
Weavilt
Weavilt
Weavilt
Weavilt
Weavilt

Volcanic Action Faulting Stress cause - effect relationships. Pupils should record charts in notebooks.

Building of Mountains

AA. Obtain pictures to distinguish the various types of plains.

(desert pavement, flood plain, coastal plains, etc. - these are pictured on the Nystrom charts also). Hills deroded, foothills, etc.) and mountains (ozd, new, block, voicanic, and folding).

AA. Teachers supplement - Glaciers
Glaciers, Model of Volcano - Science Life
Grade 5

EVALUATION

18B

A. The pupil will list in writing at least three forces that helped to form the natural features of the earth and tell how these forces helped form the features.

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BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES -- Continued

B. The pupil will be able to list in writing the major natural features found in the U.

ACTIVITIES -- Continued

s,

BB. Relate to pupil vacation trips and using a wall may locate natural features such as mountains, plateaushills, deserts, lakes, rivers, etc. Briefly Alscuss and list the natural features on the board.

Pupils will record list in notebooks allowing space for symbols that will be introduced later.

CONCEPT

CONTENT

Each natural feature is located on the earth a particular distance and in a particular direction from the other. (Geography)

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES

ACTIVITIES

A. The pupil will be able to locate and correctly name at least 3 natural features and orally state the direction one has in relation to the other.

AA. Play a map game using directions: "From San Francisco I flew northeast to a large city on a big lake. Then I went southeast to a long peninsula. Where would I be?" Have pupils compose mystery directions to present to class. On a few directions, estimate the distance using a scale of miles.

*ENRICHMENT ACTIVITY

AA. Encourage pupils to bring in pictures showing landforms or terrain found in the United States. Place a map of the United States on center of bulletin board and place pictures around the map connected by means of yarn to areas within the United States to show relative location of different landforms. (opaque projector) - Begin file. Discuss Direction - Note the rivers and lakes in relation to land formation.

RESOURCES -- Continued

BB. Physical map of U.S.

EVALUATION--Continued

B. On a given test, the pupil will be able to list in writing the major natural regions found in the U.S.

RESOURCES

AA. Physical - political map of U.S. and desk atlas.

EVALUATION

A. The pupil will locate and correctly name at least 3 natural ideatures and orally state the direction one has in relation to the other.



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CONCEPT

CONTENT

using different symbols to show the altitude of the land. Natural features may be recorded and studied on maps

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES

a physical map by using the key and symbols The pupil will be able to orally "interpret to locate different natural features. AA.

ACTIVITIES

- the pictures of landforms to the abstract Jay they look in "reality." After the filmstrip, relate Call attention to the natural features as they Take an imaginary trip using filmstrip. are represented on a physical map. A.A.
- used on maps to indicate differences in terrain by Help pupils gain understanding of how symbols are showing the filmstrip, Maps of Physical Features. AA.

Following viewing, have pupils make illustrations Place symbols next to vocabulary in notebooks. to show how altitude may be recorded on maps.

Show transparency on landforms and discuss, AA.

The pupil will be able to make a desk size

33.

physical map of the U. S.

- plains, tablelands, or plateaus. Through discussion develop a key for the map. Stress the importance record the following features: mountains, hills, Distribute individual desk maps and have pupils of map keys. BB.
- note the variation of keys. Discuss why different Observe several physical maps of the U. S. and keys can be found and still be useable. BB.

Filmstrip: Geographic Background 90 A (S.W.)

Physical map of the United States

AA. Filmstrip: Maps of Physical Features ML 24

AA. Transparency - Landforms #106

EVALUATION

When asked, the pupil will locate various natural Scouts) features on a physical wall map of the U. S. (Map

BB. Individual desk maps

вв.

Physical maps in various texts

. physical map of the U.S. Using an atlas as a guide, the pupil will make a



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The distributional arrangement of population is interrelated to selected geographical elements or natural features.

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES

AA. The pupil will be able to give two written examples of how population density is related to geographic features.

ACTIVITIES

AA. Using transparency, discuss the four :lassifications and characteristics of landforms, how man has used the four types, and effect of landforms on distribution of population.

** Divide class into groups to do resear;h on the surface features in the United States of greatest interest. Find relationship to early history density of population, industry, etc.

ERIC

AA. Transparency - Landforms - #106

Use Population - #101 together Physiological Divisions - #118

EVALUATION

The pupil will list in writing two examples of how population density relates to geographic features.

Different occupiers of the land, including the Indians and Europeans, have applied knowledge, tools, and ways of working to the natural habitat. As each group of settlers discovered and appraised the natural elements, they developed differing ways of living and working which have changed from time to time during the history of the country.

D. Water

CONTENT

- 1. Distribution
- River systems
- 1) Effect of elevation
 2) Relation to precipitation
- 2. Uses
- a. Domestic
- o. Industrial
- c. Agricultural
 - **Problems**
- rrourems a. Purificat
- . Purification
- . Pollution . Control dams
 - Depletion
- Conservation

ACTIVITIES

Pupils should be able to construct a chart

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES

class showing the used of water in the

home, industry, and agriculture.

- AA. Develop class chart to show use of water in the areas of home, industry, and agriculture. Begin chart in class and have pupils complete for discussion later. Pictures could be shown or drawn to illustrate these uses. Place in notebooks.
- AA. Introduce the idea of living in a world in which suddenly no water is available. Have pupils write creative stories based on a theme in which water is unavailable.

AA. Macmillan, Science Life, Grade 5, pp. 219-223

EVALUATION

A. Pupils are to construct_a. chart showing the uses of water in home and industry.

The distribution of water depends upon the topography and the atmospheric conditions.

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES

A. The pupil is to be able to explain verbally the relationships between distribution of water and type of terrain.

ACTIVITIES

- AA. Utilize transparencies and desk atlases to point out certain terrain and distribution of rainfall, streams, rivers, and lakes. Through inductive discussion procedures, draw out relationships between terrain and water distribution.
- AA. Discuss: "If you were a pioneer heading West (with an inventive mind), what kind of land would you have selected to settle on?"

 (Draw through discussion that the availability of natural resources was of prime concern stress water.)
- AA. Discuss: "In what ways have the rivers and lakes in the United States been advantageous and adverse to man?"
- BB. Using transparencies demonstrate how the continental divide has influenced the flow of rivers. Establish the meaning of the term "continental divide" as this is new terminology for grade 5.

B. The pupil is to be able to describe verbally the effect of terrain on the direction of a river's flow.

AA. Transparencies
Major Land Forms, #106
Stream Outline Map, #119
Transportation, #116
Annual Precipitation, #103
Drainage Basins, #112

EVALUATION

Various pupils will be able to explain verbally the relationships between distribution of water and type of terrain.

Transparency
 Major Land Forms, #106

Y

The pupil will describe orally the effect of terrain on the direction of a river's flow.



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wisest possible use of all its human and natural increasing needs, each community must make the Because of limited resources and man's everresources.

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES

The pupil is to be able to list in writing three increasing needs of today's society that are draining and polluting our natural water supply. A.

ACTIVITIES

- use of water and the resulting problems. General reading and research on man's AA.
- 1. Drinking and purification 2. Irrigation and pollution Discuss and list on board ways in which man uses water and resulting problems. Example: AA.
 - Industry and pollution
- Waste disposal and pollution
 - Others
- Pupils should copy list for their notebooks AA.
- Discuss the following: AA.
- If you had to reduce the amount of water you use each day from 300 quarts to 50 quarts, how would you do it?
- community is using the rivers and pollute the water with wastes if Should factories be permitted to people seldom fish there and no lakes for a water supply?

AA. Science Life, Grade 5, pp. 221-229

EVALUATION

On a given test, pupils will list in writing three increasing needs of today's society that drain and pollute our natural water supply.

NO BPT

Every community encounters problems in providing certain public services.

(History)

There are national and state laws as well as (Political Science) community rules and regulations.

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES

- Pupils will verbally state several problems that communities encounter in providing public water services. Ą.
 - Water distribution Water purification Example: 1.
- Waste disposal
- - Others

ACTIVITIES

whatever way it chooses (tape recording, Each group may report to the class in pictures, charts, or graphs with oral group will choose one of the topics below and find information on it. Divide the class into groups. reports). AA.

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Section .

- Community water distribution Water purification
- Waste disposal
- Sources of water Water drainage
- Review skills related to presenting oral reports. BB.

give an oral report making use of at least into the pupil's own words, proofreading, and employing oral speaking skills such The pupil will be able to prepare and two resources, putting the material as eye contact, articulation, etc. B.

- AA. Macmillan, Science Life, Grade 5, Chapter 9
- AA. Encyclopedias
- A. The Wonder of Water, (Supplementary packet)

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EVALUATION

 Pupils will state orally three problems that communities encounter in providing public water services.

B. The pupils will present the report making use of at least two resources, putting the material into his own words and employing the oral speaking skills such as eye contact and articulation.

VIORAL OBJECTIVES -- Continued

ACTIVITIES -- Continued

Pupils will be able to state verbally two examples of government water controls and regulations. ပံ

- Expanding the information from reports, instituted relative to water and its discuss the controls government has ပ္ပ
- develop a summary outline of major points Teacher with pupil assistance will covered in reports and discussion. ပ္ပ
- Pupils will copy this outline and place in their notebooks. ပ္ပ

CONCEPT

insure a high standard of living, unequal dis-While abundant natural resources alone do not tribution of natural resources has been a

contributing factor to 'pockets of poverty" in all stages of American development.

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES

- Pupils will be able to define in writing the term"standard of living." Α.
- Given a list of soil groups pupils will be able to place these correctly on an outline map. ф ф
- pupils will be able to place these Given a list of vegetation groups, correctly on an outline map. ن

CONTENT

Soil Ei Ei

- Distribution
- Occupational relationships Vegetation relationships
 - Economic value
 - - Conservation

ACTIVITIES

- Use encyclopedia to discover definition of"standard of living." Place in notebooks. AA.
- locations. Pupils fill in an outline Use transparency to show soil group map of soil group locations. BB.
- Compare to soil transparency. Discuss Show transparency on vegetation, #105. how soil relates to vegetation in given areas. ပ္ပ

RESOURCES--Continued

Wisconsin Blue Book
Macmillan, Science Life, Grade 5,
pp. 224-229

EVALUATION -- Continued

government water controls and regulations.

RESOURCES

- AA. World Book Encyclopedia
- >B. Transparency on soil groups (Supplementary packet)
- CC. Vegetation transparency, #105.
 Soil transparency (Supplementary packet)

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EVALUATION

- A. Pupils will be able to write the definition for the term "standard of living."
- B. Pupils will be able to correctly place a given set of soil groups on an outline map.
- C. Pupils will be able to correctly place a given set of vegetation groups on an outline map.

ACTIVITIES -- Continued

- Pupils will be able to list in writing nation in which these crops are grown. five major crops and the area of the
- Pupils will be able to state verbally areas of the nation in which crops of economic value are not grown. 편.
- Pupils will be able to compare verbally productive growing areas to poor ones and state the main reason for this difference.
- word definitions of"conservation." Pupil will state verbally the two .
- in which man wisely preserves and uses Pupils will list in writing four ways his soil. H.

- Pupils will do general reading and noteare grown. Encourage pupil to utilize crops of the U. S. are and where they aking to determine what the major a definite note-taking form. DD.
- On U. S. outline transparency, teacher will delimit major crop growing areas and have pupils note the remaining less-productive areas. EE.
- to draw forth reasons for these differences. Discussion of productive and lessproductive farm areas in the U. S. FF.
- Discuss the report and list and describe pared report on conservation of soil. on the board those ways in which man wisely preserves and uses his soil. Class will lister to a pupil pre-Record in notebooks. (Stress the definition of "conservation,") GG, HH.

RESOURCES -- Continued

EVALUATION -- Continued

Pupils will list in writing five major

DD. Silver Burdett, The Changing New World, Singer, This Is Our Land, Index, p. 467 Harper Row, The Story of Our Country, Fideler Books, See section on Farming Heath, In These United States, Index, p.482 See index, p. 409 Index, p. 413

臣. Outline map of U. S., (Transparency in supplementary packet)

ΗF. None

GG, HH.

World Book Encyclopedia

crops and tell the location in which these crops are grown.

value are not grown. country in which crops of economic Pupils will state the areas of the

. H Pupils will be able to state verbally areas and the less-productive ones. the difference between the major growing

9, H. man wisely preserves and uses his soil. Using the two word definitions, the pupil will list in writing four ways in which

CONCEPT

Our knowledge of primitive cultures comes from the artifacts rather than the written word.

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES

A. The pupil is to be able to define "artifact" and recognize pictures of artifacts as such.

B. Through discussion, the pupil should be able to give three verbal examples of how we have learned about primitive cultures through artifacts rather than through the written word.

CONTENT

- II. Historical Development
- Pre-exploration cultures
 1. Indians of the eastern forests
 - · Indians of the plains
- Indians of the Southwest
 - · Indians of the Northwest

ACTIVITES

- AA. Given a picture of a crude tool such as an ax, the pupils will discuss what they think the people were like that used this tool. Through this discussion, the word "artifact" should be introduced and defined. The pupils will then add the word "artifact" to their vocabulary lists.
- BB. Discussion: "How do we know about the Indian?" (Through artifacts rather than written record)

Pupils should be able to support statements by using information gained from their readings.

AA. Dictionary

EVALUATION

A. The pupil will be able to define verbally the word "artifact" and given some examples, he will be able to identify artifacts when shown pictures.

- Singer, Trails to Freedom, 1967, pp. 9-17
 Singer, This Is Our Land, 1963,
 Chapter 2
 Heath, In These United States, 1965,
 pp. 47-61
 Harper Row, The Story of Our Country,
 1965, Chapter 1
 - The pupil will give three verbal examples of how we have learned about primitive cultures through artifacts.

CONTENT

New civilizations often begin with re-distribution of people,

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES

- The pupil is to be able to orally define Europeans to America and the migrant examples of migration such as the migration and give at least three workers of today.
- Through observation and discussion of a map will be able to chart such a course on and tracing the routes of the first Indians to the New World, the pupil individual desk, maps. C-L. В.

ACTIVITIES

- the pupils will determine the meaning and give examples of migrations that Introduced to the term "migration" have taken place to the U. S. in past decades. AA.
- Initiate for discussion: "Challenge: Given point X as base location (Asia Minor), how would you 'migrate' to Wisconsin? Assume that this was during the Stone Age." BB.
- Trace the route on physical desk maps. BB.

CONCEPT

CONTENT

Although different in appearance, the Indians lived in families and communities and carried on many activities similar to those of the white settlers.

(Anthropology)

The pupil will be capable of paralleling the basic needs of the Indians and those of the white settlers by comparing, in writing, the activities of each and stating the similarities as well as the differences, BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES Α.

ACTIVITIES

- clothing, customs, need to communicate, etc. Through discussion, compare the different forest, plains, southwest, and northwest including such things as food, shelter, ways of life of Indians of the eastern AA. AA.
 - Use dioramas to illustrate Indian cultures

Dictionary

EVALUATION

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The pupils will verbally give examples

of migration.

Teach-A-Chart, #105, 106

pp. 1-4 Merrill, Our Nation's Builders, 1966, Harper Row, The Story of Our Country, Ginn, Trails to Freedom, 1967, pp. 18-35 Physical map of world 1965, p. 20

> 8 will be done on an outline desk map The pupils will chart the course of the of the world. Indians to the New World. The charting

RESOURCES

- Doubleday, North American Indians,
- Filmstrip, The American Indian, ME-1002
- World Book Encyclopedia Fideler, Colonial America

1

EVALUATION

The pupil will make a written chart Indians with those of the white settlers paralleling the basic needs of the to be placed in their notebooks,

ACTIVITIES -- Continued

- basic needs and begin a class chart paralleling note the ways the white settlers met their Continuing discussion, the pupils will these needs to those of the Indians. AA.
- class will answer the following question "What is our American Indian Heritage?" of plants domesticated by the Indians.) of our national farm produce consists Through discussion and research, the literature, music, and poetry. Half (Many Indian words have been adopted and many art forms such as fold by working in groups: BB.

writing three phases of our culture that

The pupil will be able to list in

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were derived from our American Indian

heritage.

CONCEPT

CONTENT

Different occupiers of the land, including Indians tools, and ways of working to the natural habitat. and Europeans, have applied ingenuity, knowledge, (Geography)

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES

to meet their specific needs giving at least tribes were able to apply their knowledge The pupils will be able to orally compare and contrast how the different Indian three examples. A.

ACTIVITIES

the teacher could list the contributions climate and available natural resources on the board in chart form to be copied Discuss the ways in which the land and affected the way the Indians lived and (Differences in While the discussion is taking place, names, dress, food, tools, activity, by pupils in their notebooks. obtained their food. and travel.) AA.

INDIANS	GATHERERS	FISHERMEN	INDIANS	INDIANS
SOUTHWEST	EST SEED	NORTHWEST	PLAINS	WOODLAND

B. The pupil will be able to list at least three phases of our culture that were derived from the American Indian.

RESOURCES

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AA. Filmstrip, The American Indian, ME-1002

AA. Singer, This Is Our Land, 1963, pp. 18-35

Heath, In These United States, 1965, pp. 47-53

AA.

Transparencies
American Indian, #104 Annual Precipitation,
Climates, #102 #103
Temperature, #117 Major Land Forms,
Drainage Basin, #112 #106
Natural Vegetation,
#105

EVALUATION

The pupils will copy the chart in their notebooks and after copying, orally give some of the ways (three) the different Indian groups were able to meet their specific needs.

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Events in Europe influenced the historical develop-ment of the United States.

(History)

CONTENT

- B. European interest and effort
- 1. Desire for water routes to the Indies
 - , Routes of explorers
 - a. Spanish
- . French
- . English
- d. Others (Portugal)
 - . Claims of nations
 - . Spanish
 - French
 - English
- d. Others
 (Stress exploration and not settlement which will
 be covered in the next section.)

ACTIVITIES

- AA. Discussion: "What motivated European countries to finance explorers and to establish settlements in the New World?"
- BB. Show class chart maps #1 and #2. Discuss routes shown.
- BB. On a world map transparency, have pupils plot the routes of Columbus, Magellan, and Drake using a grease pencil or marking pen.
- CC. Show Eye Gate teaching chart #6. Discuss in terms of the areas and dates given.

I

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES

- A. The pupil will be able to give an oral account of at least two needs that motivated the Europeans to finance explorers and to establish settlements in the New World. C-L.
- B. The pupil will be able to label correctly on a given map the route taken by such explorers as Christopher Columbus, Magellan, and Drake.
- G. Pupils will be able to state verbally the three important countries that laid claim to areas of the North American continent. i.e, Spain, France, England.

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- AA. Laidlaw, Our Country, 1961, pp. 67-85
- AA. Filmstrip, The Age of Exploration, ME-1001

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- BB. Laidlaw, Our Country, p. 94
 Macmillan, Living in the United States,
 1961, pp. 44-57
 Harper Row, The Story of Our Country,
 1965, pp. 50-51, 62, 72, 87
- BB. Eye Gate Chart #1 and #2
- CC. Eye Gate Chart #6

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EVALUATION

- A. The pupil will state at least two needs that motivated Europeans to send explorers to the New World.
- B. On a given map, the pupils will be able to label correctly the routes of Columbus, Magellan, and Drake.
- C. Pupils will state verbally the three nations that laid claim to the North American continent.



Events in Europe influenced the historical development of the United States. (History)

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES

A. Pupils will be able to match a given set of reasons for groups settling the New World with the appropriate given categories.

Example:

REA	REASONS	CATEGORY
A.	Pilgrims wanted freedom to worship as they pleased.	A. Religious

CONTENT

- Settlements
- . Reasons for founding
 - a. Economic b. Political
- Religious
 - Others

ACTIVITIES

- AA. Problem: What values did the early settlers have to balance the physical hardships in the New World.
- AA. Discuss: What are the events that took place in Europe which led to the settlement of America:
- a. List ideas. (Be sure children understand why traders wanted to go to the east.)
 Have them think in terms of economic, political, and religious reasons.
 - b. Compare list to Eye Gate chart #105,Maps, and discuss the economic,political, and religious reasons.
- AA. Select particular settlements that were a new hope to unhappy and abused Europeans (Idle laborers, religious refugees, and landless farmers).

Discover through discussion how these "New Americans" built into their colonies new hope for the future.

AA. Discuss: Were the freedoms in the colonies the same?

AA. Eye Gate Chart #105, Maps

EVALUATION

Ginn, Trails to Freedom, 1967, pp. 38-52 Ginn, Your Country's History, 1966, pp. 43-93. Singer, This Is Our Land, 1963, pp. 36-57, 40

categories. World with the appropriate given reasons for groups settling the New The pupil will match a given set of

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ethnic, and national groups have settled in this People from many different social, economic, country.

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES

Pupils will be able to match settlements with the national or religious group that founded the settlement. A.

CONTENT

- Location
- Spanish
 - French
- English Others

ACTIVITIES

The class will construct a chart consisting of the settlement and group that settled to be copied later in their notebooks. EXAMPLE: AA.

Dutch New York

CONCEPT

Lack of specialization forced the early settlers to spend most of their time securing a minimum of food, clothing, and shelter for survival.

(Economics)

CONTENT

- Way of life ж •
 - Homes Food
- Clothing Industry
- Transportation
- Education
- Communication Government
- Beliefs and values
 - Recreation

A. Ginn, <u>Trails to Freedom</u>, pp. 84-187 Singer, <u>This Is Our Land</u>, pp. 40-87 Harper Row, <u>The Story of Our Country</u>, pp. 84-136

Laidlaw, Our Country, pp. 131-152

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EVALUATION

The pupils will match settlements with the national or religious group that founded the settlement.

ACTIVITIES

- comparing colonial times with presentday America in terms of home, food, clothing, industry, transportation, education, communication, government, beliefs and values, and recreation.
- AA. Through reading and research, the pupils will take notes on life during colonial times. Note-taking should be done on the basis of home, food, clothing, industry, transportation, education, communication, government, beliefs and values, and recreation.
- AA. After research, these findings will be compared with present day America. EXAMPLE:

COLONIAL
TIMES
"Dame
Schools"
1

The comparison could best be completed through a class discussion and teacher recording of information.

AA. Copy final charts in notebooks.

From the comparison of early settlements

В.

to present day America, the pupil will

be able to state the prime reasons for

BB. Based on the above chart, discuss what has enabled America to progress at such a great rate within the last 300 years. Stress industrialization and specialization, i.e., Food gathering or farming.

A. The pupil will compare, in chart form,

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coionial times with present day America

government, beliefs and values, and

recreation.

transportation, education, communication, in terms of home, food, clothing, industry,

AA. Fideler, Colonial America Laidlaw, Our Country, pp. 121-162 Harper Row, The Story of Our Country, 125-137

AA. ME-1003

Ginn, Trails to Freedom, 1967, pp. 195-203 Filmstrip, The American Colonies,

₽. example. of America. Pupil will give an specialization and industrialization The pupil will orally explain how have been prime factors in the growth

вв. Ginn, Trails to Freedom, pp. 199-200, Y

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Only simple machines were used in colonial America because at that time either no one had invented better ones or no one could make machines which were being contemplated.

(Economics)

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES

A. The pupil will be able to list in writing at least three reasons why the people of colonial America were limited to the use of simple machines. i.e., Lack of knowledge, time, isolation, subsistence way of life, etc.

ACTIVITIES

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- AA. If possible, collect pictures to show how people earned a living in the early settlements.
- AA. On the basis of the previous comparison, and on the pictures found, discuss:

 1. What is a simple machine?
 - What are some simple machines found in colonial times? i.e., cards, swingling
 - 3. Why didn't the colonists use more "efficient" machines?
- AA. Leonardo da Vinci lived from 1452
 to 1519 and had many ideas that were
 very advanced for their time. Discuss
 why these ideas, such as flying machines,
 machine guns, armored vehicles,
 parachutes, were not developed and used
 during the time of their conception.

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.. Fideler, Colonial America

World Book Encyclopedia

EVALUATION

A. The pupil will list, in writing, three reasons why people of colonial America were limited to the use of simple machines.

quences which are never simple and often complex. Acts and events have both causes and consePeople frequently rebel against their government when it neglects the welfare of the people.

(Political Science)

BEHAVIOPAL OBJECTIVES

- Pupils will be able to define orally a given list of vocabulary words. A.
- British Parliament that irritated the The pupil should be able to list in writing three unwise ruiings of the thirteen colonies and one result of EXAMPLE: each. Б.

The tea tax and the resulting Boston Tea Party,

CONTENT

- Achieving Independence ъ.
- Precipitating factors Internal factors
- External pressures
- for Independence Colonial leaders
- Lexington and Concord Paul Revere's ride
- Washington and Valley Forge

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THE PARTY

- Surrender at Yorktown
 - Others
- Establishing a new nation ж •
 - Continental Congress
- Declaration of Independence
- Articles of Confederation
- Constitution formation and development Three branches
 - Bill of Rights

ACTIVITIES

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- place in their social studies notebooks. Pupils will be given a teacher prepared list of vocabulary words. They will define these words in writing and AA.
- Through reading and discussion, list the rulings of Parliament that sugered the colonists. The questions might be used as a guide: ä
 - What were the rulings?
- Why did Parliament issue them?
- What was the colonists reaction? Why did the colonists react as they did?

AA. Teacher propared vocabulary list

BB. Ginn, Trails to Freedom, pp. 223-233
Laidlaw, Our Country, pp. 177-182
Harper Row, The Story of Our Country, pp. 151-155

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EVALUATION

A. The pupils will orally define the given vocabulary words.

The pupil will list in writing three unwise rulings of the British Parliament with regard to the thirteen colonies.

- other than British parliamentary decisions Pupils will state verbally three factors that contributed to the rebellious spirit of the colonies. ပ
- <u>В</u>
 - that contributed to each one's influence. include the qualities or characteristics The pupil is to be able to verbally list leaders of the Revolutionary Period and Ġ.

ACTIVITIES -- Continued

factors other than British parliamentary Through reading and discussion, list decisions that led to rebellion. . ც

EXAMPLE:

Changing way of life in colonies led to: Pride in a new way of life

- - Self-reliance
- Personal beliefs and ideals

Leaders

- Thomas Paine, etc. Ben Franklin 1.
- discussion on the effect of their work Revolutionary Period. Have class Assign reports on Patriots of the

on our lives today.

enabled the person to make a signifi-After each report is given, list the name of the person on the board, and cant contribution to this period in after the name, the qualities that history. Keep this list throughout reports and record the lists in pupil notebooks. at the completion of the reports

Chapters:

"A British Victory and Life in the Colonies," pp. 94-113 "Ideas of Freedom," pp. 114-130 "The Fight for Freedom," pp. 131-146 "First Attempt to Form Union," pp. 147-158

pp. 159-177
Harper Row, The Story of Our Country,

pp. 125-137 Singer, This Is Our Land, pp. 89-113

Esther Forbes, Johnny Tremain, (Boston

Tea Party)

DD. Laidlaw, <u>Great Names in American History</u>, pp. 48-101

Fideler, <u>Great Americans</u>, 1966

Ginn, <u>Trail Blazers of American History</u>, 1966, pp. 90-132

The pupil will verbally state three factors other than British parliamentary decisions that contributed to the rebellious spirit of the colonies. Included should be the inner feelings of the colonies as well as influential people.

The pupil will list verbally the leaders of the Revolutionary Period and tell some of the qualities that contributed to their influence.

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- E. Given a list of Revolutionary War events, the pupil will place these correctly in the blank spaces of a given paragraph.
- F. The pupil is to be able to compare verbally several reasons and attitudes present during the Revolutionary War with those present in recent years.
- G. The pupil is to be able to compare verbally techniques and technology of the Revolutionary War to those used in recent years.
- H. The pupils will be able to construct a time line of the most important events of the Revolutionary War.

- EE. The pupils will look at the chapters, read the main headings to gain an overview of the material. The teacher will gether these headings from pupil response to form an outline to be placed on the board. The pupils will read in depth to fill in the outline.
- FF. Make a poster inviting colonists to join the Minutemen. What were the motivating forces? What made them want to join?

Discuss life in the American Army during the Revolution. Discuss the attitudes of the soldiers, i.e., Sunshine Patriot. How do these attitudes differ from present situations?

- GG. Diagrams of Battles. Relate to the tactics of modern warfare and how these are still used as patterns of attack. (Reports on battles)
- HH. Make a time line of the events (from 1764 until 1789) which led to the establishing of our nation.

Heath, In These United States, pp. 113-120 Silver Burdett, The Changing New World, pp. 91-97
Harper Row, The Story of Our Country, pp. 148-173
Ginn, Trails to Freedom, pp. 240-256

FF. Merrill, Our Nation's Builders, 1966,
Chapter 8
At-A-Flash Time Line Cards, Revolutionary
War, Set IV
Thomas Paine, Sunshine Patriot

years.

GG. Filmstrip, The Years of Revolution, ME-1005

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HH. At-A-Flash Time Line Cards, Revolutionary
War, Set IV
Ginn, Trails to Freedom, p. 257

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E. On a given test, pupils will correctly fill in the blank spaces of a paragraph using a list of Revolutionary War events.

F. The pupils will verbally compare some reasons and attitudes present during the Revolutionary War with those of recent

H. The pupil will construct a time line

and technology of the Revolutionary War

to those used in recent years.

Pupils will orally compare techniques

H. The pupil will construct a time line including the most important events of the Revolutionary War.

MONTORAL OBJECTIVES--Continued

- I. Through listening, discussion, and reading, the pupil is to be able to select from a given list a portion of a favorite poem and tell crally how these words relate to the Revolutionary War.
- J. Pupil will read the Declaration of Independence and be able to list in writing three examples from the Declaration of Independence that pertain to present day problems.

 EXAMPLE:

All men are created equal. (Civil rights issues)

ACTIVITIES -- Continued

II. Why were these songs made up:
 "Yankee Doodle"
 "Singing Riflemen of Bennington"
 Others

Read some of the good poems about that period: "Paul Revere's Ride"

JJ. Using a transparency, discuss the Declaration of Independence (especially the first two paragraphs) and relate the ideas contained therein to present day problems. As discussion progresses, the teacher could list the possible related ideas on the board.

54.

Music books
Poem books
'Folk Songs in American History'
with filmstrips, (Early Colonial Days,
Revolutionary War), Set I

WRITE TO:
John Hancock Mutual Life Insurance Co.
200 Berkeley Street
Boston, Massachusetts 02117

JJ. Transparency, Declaration of Independence, Teacher's Supplement

The pupil will select from a given list a portion of a poem and tell orally how these words relate to the revolutionary war.

On the basis of the study done on the Declaration of Independence, the pupil will list three written examples of how the Declaration of Independence

pertains to today's problems.

RIC

Our colonial experience helped to shape our national government and our federal constitution.

(History)

CONTENT

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III. National Community

A. Government

- 1. Colonial origin
- National birth Declaration of Independence
 - Organizational structure
- a. Legislative (Congress)
- Executive (President and Cabinet)
- Judicial (Courts)

PRETEST:

Before beginning the study of the federal government, each student should jot down his understandings of what the federal government means to him. (Save papers.) A follow-up survey should indicate the learning that takes place.

ACTIVITIES

- AA., BB., CC. General reading and research by pupils. Place guide questions on the board, 'Why didn't the states want a strong central government?" 'Were the Articles of Confederation successful?"
 - Support your answer with reasons.

Discuss guide questions and record answers and reasons agreed upon by the class in individual social studies notebooks.

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES

- A. The pupils will be able to state in writing two reasons for the states not wanting a strong central government.
- B. Pupils will be able to state in writing two reasons why a stronger central government was needed.
- C. Pupil will be able to state the primary reason for the failure of the Articles of Confederation.

AA., BB., CC., Houghton Mifflin, The Singer, The Story of Our Country, pp. 175-183 Singer, of the United States -- Historic Background, Filmstrip, Eye Gate, The Constitution pp. 52-54, 58-60 Harper Row, How Our Government Began, Heath, In These United States, pp. 121-124 Singer, This Is Our Land, pp. 246-248 Ginn, Trails to Freedom, pp. 258-262 Citizen and His Government, pp. 114-117

EVALUATION

- The pupil will be able to state in The pupils will later be tested on this writing two reasons for the states not wanting a strong central government. information.
- <u>.</u> writing two reasons why a stronger central government was needed. the prime reasons for the failure of pupil will be tested on this information The pupil will be able to state in in a unit test.
- The pupil will be able to orally state the Articles of Confederation.

CONTENT

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CONCEPT

Compromise enables progress without destroying the basic rights of the majority.

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES

- A. The pupil will be able to describe in writing the actions the delegates engaged in to write a successful workable constitution. i.e., discussion, evaluation of presented proposals, compromise.
- B. The pupils will write down a set of functional rules which through their development would require compromise.

ACTIVITIES

- AA. General reading and research by pupils to determine the actions delegates engaged in to write a successful workable constitution.
- BB. Through discussion, pupils should arrive at a set of workable rules to govern their clubs' workings. If possible, work the rules up in constitutional form.

CONCEPT

The constitution is the supreme law of the land. (Political Science)

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES

A. The pupil will define "constitution," both orally and in writing.

ACTIVITIES

AA. By looking the word up in reference material, the pupils will arrive at a definition for the word "constitution," (A basic set of rules that govern a country), and record it in their notebooks.

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AA. Ginn, Trails to Freedom, pp. 261-265
Benefic, How Our Government Began
Singer, This Is Our Land, pp. 252-254

STURE: 3 THEO TO NOT TREES & E. ...

EVALUATION

58.

- A. The pupil will be able to describe in writing the process engaged in by the delegates to promote the formulation of a workable constitution.
- B. Ginn, Trails to Freedom, pp. 261-265
 Benefic, How Our Government Began
 Singer, This Is Our Land, pp. 252-254
 Instructor, November, 1967, p. 128
 - B. Evaluation of the rules will come through an observation of their workability.

RESOURCES

AA. World Book Encyclopedia Dictionary (Resource to be used throughout:

McGraw Hill, Our Constitution and What it Means.)

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No.

EVALUATION

A. On a test to be given later, the pupils will correctly match the word "constitution" with its meaning.



BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES -- Continued

B. The pupils will be able to state both verbally and in writing the reason for beginning the constitution with the Preamble.

- C. The pupil will state five ways that the Bill of Rights, the first ten amendments to the Constitution, protects our rights and liberties.
- C. The pupil is to be able to give an account of the occurrences that laid the foundation for the ideals of liberty and freedom. i.e., Peter Zenger Trial.
- D. While reading the Bill of Rights, the pupils will be able to list in writing five examples from this document that pertain to their present day lives.
 i.e., Right to bear arms. (Should weapons be registered?)

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ACTIVITIES -- Continued

3. Introduce the Preamble to the Constitution and discuss reasons why the Preamble comes at the beginning. Have pupils arrive at the fact that it states clearly the purpose for the new plan of union. It contains the basic ideas:

1. the rights of the people; 2. the objectives such as union, justice, order, etc. Discuss significance.

The pupils will copy the Preamble along with its significance in their notebooks.

- of Rights. As each is read, stress the ways it protects the citizens of the United States.
- CC. Through reading and research, the pupils will take notes on the events that led to the formation of the Bill of Rights. (Why were certain specific items included?)

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Using a transparency, the teacher will project the Bill of Rights for all pupils to read. After reading, the class should discuss one or two of the Articles relating them to present day life. These relationships could be listed on the board. The pupils will then relate five of these rights to their present day lives in written form to be handed in to the teacher.

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Transparency, Preamble to the Constitution

begin the Constitution.

Pupils will copy the Preamble in their notebooks and tell why it is used to

CC. Transparency, The Bill of Rights
Laidlaw, Our Country, pp. 54-59
Heath, In These United States, pp. 104-105

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The pupil will orally state five ways

in which the first ten exandments to the Constitution protect our rights and liberties.

C. The pupil will orally explain some events that were the background for the Bill of Rights.

D. While viewing transparency, the pupil will list in writing five examples from the Bill of Rights that pertain to their present day lives.

. Transparency, Bill of Rights

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writing four characteristics of our The pupil will be able to list in Constitution. Ei Ei

- list on paper the four characteristics of a Democratic Constitution. On the basis of previous reading the discussion, the pupils will and through the teacher leading EXAMPLE: EE.
 - Provides a form of government
- Sets limits for the government's power
- Assures the rights and liberties of the citizens
 - Has a lasting, adaptable quality-- amending
- After discussing the four characteristics should be re-recorded in social studies notebooks.
- the term"representative democracy." "democracy." Pupils should define the meanings together and define the term "representative," Put Discuss and place definition in Pupils should define the term their notebooks. FF.

writing the term "representative Pupils will be able to define in democracy."

From a given list, the pupils will

EE. World Book Encyclopedia

democratic constitution. select the four characteristics of a

FF. Dictionary, Encyclopedia

FF. Write for: #530, Contact Senators or Representatives How Does it Function?" House Document, "Our American Government -- What it is?

> writing the term "representative democracy." The pupil will be able to define in

CONCEPT

more advanced, there is some need for larger and As cultures become more complex and technology larger governmental units.

(Political Science)

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES

- The pupil will be able to match a teachergiven list of words with their meanings. A.
- The pupil should be able to define the three branches of the government both orally and in writing. В.

ACTIVITIES

- government such as Senate, Representatives, The pupil is to keep a list of the words relating to the three branches of the Executive, Legislative, Judicial, President's Cabinet, and Federal. AA.
- Based on reading of Constitution, what are the three branches of the government? BB.
- Discuss: Franklin's Federal Tree. (Define terms: Republic, Supreme Court, President, Congress.) BB.

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along with definitions of the mentioned Tree in their social studies notebooks terms. Stress correct pronunciation Have pupils copy Franklin's Federal and spelling. . BB.

Dictionary Textbook Glossary

- BB. Filmstrip, Eye Gate, The Historic Background. 52A Ginn, Your Country's History, pp. 159-178

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BB. Ginn, Your Country's History, p. 166 Singer, This Is Our Land, p. 252

Silver Burdett, The Changing New World, p. 102

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EVALUATION

meanings. On a given test, the pupil will be able main branches of the government, not The pupils will be able to define governmental structure and function both orally and in writing the three as listed under ACTIVITY, AA. to match a list of words with their The words will pertain to

only for immediate, but for future testing.

AVIORAL OBJECTIVES -- Continued

C. The pupil is to be able to make a chart showing the three branches of the government and the duties of each. EXAMPLE:

President - Carries out laws Congress - Makes laws Supreme Court - Interprets laws

EXAMPLE:

D. The pupils will be able to list in writing the three branches of the federal government and diagram the checks and balances one branch has on the other.

E. The pupils will list in writing three governmental agencies other than the Presidency, Legislature, and Supreme Court and briefly explain their function. EXAMPLE:

President's Cabinet Food and Drug Administration

ACTIVITIES -- Continued

CC. On the basis of reading and as a result of group discussion, the pupils will make a chart showing the main branches of government and the main duties of each. Place the chart in notebooks.

SUPREME COURT		Interprets
ESS	House of Representatives	Si
CONGRESS	Senate	Makes
PRESIDENT		Carries out
	,	

Discuss charts; agree upon a common one and copy it in social studies notebooks. Collect individual charts.

DD. Using the transparency, the teacher will call attention to the three main branches of the government, and using the questionanswer technique will explain the system of Checks and Balances. Pupils will then copy the diagram in their social studies notebooks.

take care of the government provided services needed by the citizens of our growing country? Arrive at the need for other agencies. Stress President's Cabinet. List five such agencies on board. Pupils will place their choice of three in their notebooks.

EE. *Make a bulletin board showing the organizational structure of our national government.

*ENRICHMENT ACTIVITY

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The pupil will make a chart showing the main branches of the government

and the duties of each.

Singer, This Is Our Land, pp. 263-269

EE. DD. Government, Teacher Resource, pp. 122, 224 Ginn, Trails to Freedom, pp. 265-268 125-132 Heath, In These United States, pp. Houghton Mifflin, The Citizen and His Teacher's Supplement Transparency, Checks and Balances,

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Newspaper, Current events

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Checks and Balances in their notebooks. record and diagram the system of Using the transparency, the pupils will

[7] plain their function. governmental agencies and briefly ex-The pupils will list in writing three

Each civilization has certain significant values values that are somewhat unique in our historical Human liberty and justice are two heritage which have been perpetuated through and beliefs that influence its growth and various monuments and symbols. development.

National capital

-:

- Capitol
- White House
- Other governmental buildings
 - Shrines
- Historical symbols and documents Others
 - Flag
- National Anthem
- - Seal
- Declaration of Independence
 - Constitution
- Others Statue of Liberty

ACTIVITIES

National Monuments represent the ideals

of Human liberty and justice that

developed in our nation.

The pupil will state orally that our

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES

- seen in the film. Through discussion relate to the ideals of our founding and governmental functions of places Take a filmstrip tour of Washington determining historical significance fathers. AA.
- *Report on buildings, statues, shrines, pictures for a scrapbook or a bulletin *Make a collection of Washington, D. C. etc., in Washington, D. C. AA.

*Construct a tabletop scene of Washington,

*ENRICHMENT ACTIVITY

RESOURCES

A. Filmstrip, Our National Capitals,
ME1009
Filmstrip, Jefferson and Monticello,
ME1008
Filmstrip, George Washington's Mt.
Vernon, ME1007

AA. White House Historical Association,
The White House, Washington, D. C., 1962
Singer, This Is Our Land, pp. 258-269
Ginn, Your Country and Mine, pp.
369-373
Viewmaster slides

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EVALUATION

The pupil will be able to orally state the significance of the National Capitol, other than its architectural value.

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RESOURCES -- Continued

significance of a chosen national Pupils will state the historical monument in a written report. œ.

the significance of the symbols presented and The Symbols of America and discuss Show filmstrips, The Statue of Liberty in terms of their reflection of the values and ideals of the U. S. BB.

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Each pupil may choose one of the national Be sure all the symbols and documents are covered by at least class of the particular symbol and symbols and write a report to the its meaning. one student. BB.

7

Relate Discuss: Pledge of Allegiance to ideals and stress meaning, BB.

*Make a collection of pictures or drawings development leading to the flag as of the flag at each stage of its we know it today.

Discuss reasons for flag change and relate to the growth of our nation.

- Pupil will be able to verbally identify several national symbols when shown pictures of same. ပံ
- Pupil will write a paragraph stating reasons why he feels a pupil-chosen symbol is most significant to him.

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- Filmstrip, Symbols of America, ME1030 Laidlaw, Our Country, pp. 49-54 ME1029 Filmstrip, The Statue of Liberty,
- BB. Flags of America, Ideals Publication Penn.) Grade Teacher, June, 1962, "Freedom In Our Town," 'My Country and My Flag," July Commission Booklet, Fly the Flag This Fourth of July, produced by Milwaukee Fourth of reprinted by D. A. R. July, 1960 The Flag Code, Public Law No. 829, pp. 50-51 1962, Cover U. S. Marine Corps, American Junior Red Cross News, April, Display Our Flag (Write Freedoms Foundation, Valley Forge, How to Respect and

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- ₽. monument symbol and in writing state The pupil will be able to select a its historical significance and value.
- Unit quiz on vocabulary and branches of Federal Government.

- Ç symbols on a given set of illustrations. Pupil will correctly label national
- Ď. ficance. personal feelings regarding its signia paragraph in which he expresses his Pupil will choose one sumbol and write

Citizenship involves the individual's active participation in the process of governing.

CONTENT

- National Growth IV.
- Components of a democratic country Individual
- Families
- Villages

 - Cities **Towns**
- Counties
- States

ACTIVITIES

writing four things that an individual

should do to make him an active,

The pupil is to be able to list in

A.

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES

participating citizen in a democracy,

- Discuss: 'Most good Americans we shall government of the people, by the never know about," or ". . . The Stress obligation of all to be people, and for the people. . contributing citizens. AA.
- Through discussion, draw up a list of the individual to his responsibility. government. Relate the rights of ways, besides voting, by which an individual may take part in his AA.
- voters do not vote, they are not helping to give us a government "by the people." vote or not. Mr. A. says that if the He thinks that they are not worthy of Mr. A., B., and C. are discussing the coming election and whether they will their citizenship and should be made to pay a fine. AA.

RESOURCES

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AA. General Teacher Resource, Houghton
Mifflin, The Citizen and His Government,
1967, p. 3
Filmstrip, A Good Citizen Is Well
Informed, McGraw Hill
Ginn, Your Country's History, pp.
593-602

EVALUATION

A

The pupil will list in writing four things that an individual should do to make him an active participating citizen in a democracy.

ACTIVITIES -- Continued

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vote cannot possibly change the result. a citizen votes or not, since a single AA.--Continued. Mr. B. says that it really does not make any difference whether

Mr. C. says that it makes little difference for whom he votes, so he may as well vote for an old friend.

Do you agree with any one of these men? Explain.

Contrast the outcome of this discussion "What would have been the role of the Propose the following problem as a individual in the colonies if the colonies had not freed themselves basis for a class discussion: with Behavioral Objective #A. from British rule?" BB.

> contrast the individual as an active participating citizen in a democracy with the individual's function in an

autocratic society.

The pupil will be able to verbally

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BB. Relate to past reading on the prerevolutionary colonial situation in terms of rights. Skim for information if necessary.

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B. The pupil will verbally constrast the individual as an active participating citizen in a democracy with an individual's function in an autocratic society.

C. Pupil will be able to write a definition of"citizenship."

C. Given surprise situations, the pupils will act out the way a good citizen would react.

EXAMPLE:

What would you do if:

- 1. You unwrapped a candy bar outside and there was no container in which to dispose of the wrapper.
 - . Somebody is being attacked on the bus and you were there.
- All that's on T.V. are the political conventions. (Keep informed)
- 4. There is a "No Swimming" sign, and you are with several other boys who decide to go swimming anyway.
- 5. As an adult you do not approve of a bill or piece of legis-lation. (Right to dissent)
 - 6. Someone dropped books in the hall.
- . Riot situation.

After the role playing, arrive at a definition of citizenship to be recorded in their notebooks. (Duties, rights, and privileges of being a citizen.)

C. The pupil will write a definition of citizenship.

CONTENT

CONCEPT

The family is the basic unit of our society becuase it meets the simple needs of its members.

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES

A. The pupil will be able to orally list the items that a family provides to meet its members' needs.

ACTIVITIES

AA. Make a class chart to list the ways a family provides for its members' needs. i.e., Food, clothing, homes.

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Extending the above discussion, discuss how the family helps us in other ways. i.e., cooperation, discipline, manners, ideals.

CONCEPT

Most societies have some type of family unit.

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE

The pupil will be able to verbally compare and contrast family life in other societies to that in present day America.

ACTIVITIES

CONTENT

AA. Show filmstrip on families in various cultures.

AA. Read articles describing family life in several societies. Compare and contrast.

EVALUATION

The pupil will verbally list the items that a family provides to meet its members' needs.

RESOURCES

AA. Filmstrip, American Indian, ME1002 Other filmstrips subject to the topic available.

EVALUATION

. The pupil will verbally compare and contrast family life in other societies to that in present day America.

the family, units of government have been as-Begause there are certain services needed by tablished.

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES

meet the needs of families and individuals. collections The pupil will be able to list verbally two units of local and state government Department of Public Works - Garbage and a service that each performs to EXAMPLE:

State Conservation Department - Wildlife State Highway Patrol - Law enforcement innoculation City Health Department - Vaccine and and resource control, parks and historical areas

ACTIVITIES

for all the needs of an individual?" Discuss: "Can the family provide AA.

Discuss: 'What family needs are met by local and state government?" AA.

"What units of local and state government provide for these needs?"

RESOURCES

AA.

Houghton Mifflin, The Citizen and His

Government

Teacher Resource on Local and State

Government, Check index

EVALUATION

The pupil will verbally list two units of government (local and state) and a service that each provides to meet the needs of families and individuals.

CONCEPT

There is an interrelationship between local and state government as well as between the state and the national government as it tries to meet the needs of the people.

(Political Science)

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES

A. The pupil will be able to briefly compare orally the three branches of government on the federal, state, county, and city level.

CONTENT

- B. The functioning of governmental organizations 1. Organizational structure of government
 - . Relationship of local, state, and federal units

ACTIVITIES

AA. Use transparency. Have pupils reiterate the branches of federal government; discuss further and have pupils name as many branches of state and local government as possible. Teacher will fill these in on the transparency.

EXECUTIVE	LEGISLATIVE	JUDICIAL	
President	Congress	Supreme Court	
		Circuit Court	FEDERAL
		District Court	
Governor	State Legislature	State Supreme Court	STATE
	-	Circuit Court	
County Executive (In Milw. Only)	Board of Supervisors	County Court	COUNTY
Mayor	Council	Municipal Justice of the Peace	CITY

RESOURCES

AA. Transparency, Teacher's Supplement

EVALUATION

A. The pupil will briefly compare the three branches of government on the federal, state, county, and city level. The comparison in structure will be verbal.

RIC.

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES -- Continued

B. Pupils will be able to state orally one example of the working relationship between federal, state, and local government.

EXAMPLE: Federal government allots funds to the state which in turn distributes money to local school districts providing that certain requirements have been met.

ACTIVITIES -- Continued

Vour school system wishes to start a new educational program in which visual aids are used extensively. Your system does not have enough money. What can be done. (Submit a defensible plan to the state which in turn submits the plan to the federal government. (If requirements are met, money will be allocated.)

CONCEPT

People from many different social, economic, racial, ethnic, and national groups have settled in this country.

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES

A. The pupil will be able to verbally differentiate between race and nationality.

CONTENT

- C. Sociological and cultural grewth 1. Cultural influences
- . Contributions

ACTIVITIES

AA. Introduce the term "race," discuss it, and through question-answer method arrive at the three major races and their basic characteristics. Record information in notebook.

AA. Use the dictionary to look up nationality.
Differentiate between race and nationality.
Record definition in notebook.

BB. Houghton Mifflin, The Citizen and His Government, pp. 310-311

Verbally, the pupils will state one ments. (Use one example and follow example of the working relationship it through the various levels.) between rederal, state, and local govern-

RESOURCES

AA. Macmillan, Living in the Old World, pp. 18-21

AA. Dictionary

EVALUATION

Pupils will verbally explain the difference between race and nationality.

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- . The pupil will be able to orally define nationality and give three examples of nationality groups that have settled in America.
- C. The pupil will be able to orally define "emigration" and "immigrant."
- D. The pupil will read and orally in his own words interpret the meaning of the poem engraved on the plaque of the Statue of Liberty.
- E. The pupils will list in writing four reasons why various groups of people emigrated to the United States.

BB. Using resource material, the pupilswill compile a written list of nationalitygroups that have emigrated to the U. S.Discuss, list, and trace patterns

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of emigration on a map.
2. Relate the influxes according to date. Is there a relationship?

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- CC. Drawing upon reading material and using the dictionary, define "emigration" and "immigrant." List meanings in social studies notebooks. To clarify distinction; give examples.
- DD. Read 'New Colossus" by Enza Lazarus.

 "Give me your tired, your poor,
 your huddled masses yearning to breathe
 free. The wretched refuse of your
 teeming shore. Send these, the homeless, tempest-tost to me. I lift
 my lamp beside the golden door!"
 Analyze and relate to the fire of hope
 this help instills in the immigrants.
- EE. Discuss Eyegate Map #5. Relate to present day as well.
- teachers, and others using the following questions:
 When did they or their ancestors come to America?
 What were the reasons for coming?
 From what country did they come?
 Where in America did they first settle?
 What problems of adjustment did they have?
 What was their occupation before coming to America and after they arrived here?

settled in America.

various nationality groups that have Pupils will give three examples of

BB. Ginn, Trails to Freedom, pp. 362-371
Heath, In These United States, pp. 24-25

сc. Dictionary Eye Gate Chart, Map #5 Laidlaw, Our Country, p. 46

DD. Silver Burdett, The Changing New Singer, This Is Our Land, pp. 328-330 World, pp. 254

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in his own words the meaning of the poem engraved on the plaque at the Statue

The pupil will read and ora interpret

of Liberty.

"emigration" and "immigrant." Pupils will orally define the terms

The pupil will list in writing four

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Eye Gate Chart, Map #5

emigrated to the United States. reasons why various groups of people

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- EE. After answering the questions, tabulate the information and list all the reasons given for moving to America. What are the most frequent reasons?
- Bell, Pulitzer, and Fermi could also be listed. uncover various contributions the immigrants occupations, religions, food, Such men as Pupils should do reading and research to contributions on the board. Have pupils place in notebooks. i.e., Skills, new made to our nation. Discuss and list FF

contributions the people coming to America have brought to life in America.

The pupils will orally discuss and list

in writing general and individual

- group, study it, and discuss the contribution this particular group made to the "American Have a pupil select a specific nationality FF. Discuss, using a panel, "Changes people coming to America have brought about," Culture."
- Discuss: Millions of Europeans gladiy came to our country to settle, in spite of the newcomans, they had to make many changes hardships immigrants had to endure. As in their way of living. 99

writing of where compromise was necessary

to help the imaignants adapt to the

United States.

G. The pupils will list two examples in

- shelter, and clothing for their families? A. What are some of the problems immigrant men faced as they tried to find food,
- Why did people here often "look down upon" newcomers, forgetting that they had once been newcomers too? œ,
- many hardships in order to move to America? Why were immigrants willing to undergo ပ
- Cite two examples of compromise necessary on the part of the immigrant. ë

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ACTIVITIES -- Continued

FF. Harper Row, The Story of Our Country, pp. 304-305 Heath, In These United States, p. 30 Ginn, Trails to Freedom, pp. 363-370

Ginn, Trails to Freedom, pp. 363-370

Ginn, Trails to Freedom, pp. 362-371

examples of where compromise was necessary

The pupils will list, in writing, two

to help immigrants adapt.

contributions immigrants have made to list in writing general and individual The pupils will orally discuss and

well-organized paragraph on why we call The pupils will be able to write a the U. S. the "Great Melting Pot." H.

Activity "FF" and "GG." Have pupils write a paragraph describing how the relation to the material covered in term 'Melting Pot" applies to the Discuss the term 'Melting Pot" in United States. HH.

CONCEPT

As early settlers moved westward, they had to adapt to a primitive environment to survive.

CONTENT

- Western Movement Ġ.
- a. New routes Wilderness Road, Oregon Trail New settlements - Boonesborough, Explorations and settlements Kentucky, etc.

ACTIVITIES

BEHAVICRAL OBJECTIVES

Show transparency #115, Settlement of

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the West.

AA.

- and chart the path of four early routes Pupils will be able to list in writing the settlers followed, moving West.
- Discuss routes and explorers. Relate these routes to a physical map of the U. S. Discuss the land relationship to the trails taken. AA.
- reasons why settlers settled in certain Pupils may do general reading on areas that settlers moved into. Discuss material read. Have pupils state areas of the nation. BB.

certain geographic areas.

The pupil will be able to give a reason in writing why settlers located in

SEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES - Continued

EVALUATION--Continued

on how the term 'Melting Pot' applies to pupil will write a well-organized paragraph

Using previously discussed material, the

the U.S.

with as many specifics as possible.

Stress merging of cultures into one nation

HH. Laidlaw, Our Country, pp. 46-49 Heath, In These United States, p. 28

RESOURCES

West, Map of U. S., (Physical) Transparency #115, Settlement of the

EVALUATION

- A. The pupils will list in writing and chart the path of four early routes the settlers followed, moving West.
- The pupils will state in writing at in certain geographic areas. least one reason why settlers located
- Macmillan, Living In the United States. pp. 146-149, 239-249 Ginn, Trail Blazers of American History, Canada, 1965, pp. 228-231 1965, pp. 199 (Diagram) - 210 Harper Row, The Story of Our Country, 1966, pp. 142-147 Understanding Your Country and

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- .C. The pupil will be able to draw pictures depicting differences in the way of life of the settlers living in the woods, prairies, and the mountains
- The pupils will be able to write a paradescribing how a family had to adapt graph in which an example is cited to a primitive environment. EXAMPLE:
- City family adjusting to isolated settlement life.
- Woodland farmer adapting to tilling the thickly sodded soil.
- was instrumental in shaping our nation's Pupil will be able to list in writing two reasons why the Westward Movement history.

ACTIVITIES -- Continued

- of the settlers in the woods, prairies, Discuss and show differences of life and the mountains. Pupils will draw pictures of woodland, prairies, or mountain settlements. ပ္ပ
- to make to their new primitive environ-Jse an inductive approach and discuss the various adaptations settlers had EXAMPLE: nents. <u>Б</u>
 - Why would settlers want to move West?
- What changes in living habits might have to be made?
- settlers were at adapting to their new How successful do you think the area? Support your answer.
- Through reading and research, the pupils will keep a jotting list of why the Westward Movement was important in shaping our nation's history. 觅.

CC. Ginn, Trails to Freedom, 1967, pp. 318-326
Ginn, Trail Blazers of American History,
pp. 136-183

DD. Singer, This Is Our Land, pp. 306-317

C. The pupils will draw pictures depicting differences in the way of life of the settlers living in the woods, prairies, and the mountains.

D. The pupil will write a paragraph containing at least one example of how a family moving west had to adapt to primitive environment.

EE. Heath, This Is Our Land, pp. 133-145, 152-168

. Consider all resources listed above.

The pupils will list in writing two reasons why the Westward Movement was, instrumental in shaping our nation's history.

Westward expansion created new geographic boundaries and linkages

Additions to the Nation a. Territory added: Louisiana Territory

Northwest Territory

Gadsden Purchase

Florida

Alaska

Means of acquisition Oregon Territory

Treaty

(Louisiana) Purchase

Statehood ວ່

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES

ACTIVITIES

Given a list of specific names and dates, and gain, the pupil will list in writing the an outline map of each major territorial following information regarding the area:

1. When it was acquired

From whom it was acquired How it was acquired

The pupils will be given coptes of sections of territorial gain. AA.

Area of U. S. in 1783

Louisiana Purchase, 1803 Florida, 1819

Fexas, 1845

Oregon Territory, 1846

Gadsden Purchase, 1853 Mexican Cession, 1848

Through reading and research, the pupils will fill in the following information regarding the gains:

When was it acquired?

From whom it was acquired?

How was it acquired?

After discussing, this set of maps will be handed to the teacher. AA.

RESOURCES

AA. Heath, This Is Our Land, p. 178 (Map)

EVALUATION

Given the maps and specific names and dates, the pupils will accurately complete the required information:

1. When was the land acquired?

2. From whom was it acquired?

How was it acquired?

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ACTIVITIES -- Continued

B. The pupils will be able to orally state what happens after a territory becomes populated and settled. (Statehood)

VIORAL OBJECTIVES -- Continued

- BB. Through reading, followed by a discussion, the pupils should be able to briefly explain: "What happened to these territories after they became part of the U. S.?"
- BB. Briefly draw out the ideas of government according to population and the requirements for statehood. This could bridge into one of the pre-Civil War problems. "How should the new states be admitted?"

B. The pupil will orally tell what happens after a territory becomes populated.

CONTENT

In a democracy, we believe people should behave in ways that do not interfere with the rights of others.

The Civil War H

Causes -

Different ways of life ъ

North - Industrial

South - Plantations

Slavery

Disagreements ۵.

States' rights Tariff

Secession

Admission of new states

Leaders

Important battles Physical and psychological results

The nation unites again

Amendments

Reconstruction

ACTIVITIES

Pupils will be able to match a given list of vocabulary words with their

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definitions.

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES

writing and have a workable knowledge The pupil is to be able to define in of the following terms and names in relation to the Civil War: Mason-Dixon Line AA.

Proclamation Emancipation Appomattox Gettysburg Amendments Missouri Compro-Fugitive Slave Segregation Underground Railroad Restored Discord Law Preservation Abolutionist Compromise Withdraw Slavery Orator lariff Secede

As the words are introduced, place them along with their definition, in social studies notebooks.

John Brown's Raid

Dred Scott

Confederate

Blockade

mise

RESOURCES

Reference books

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EVALUATION

A. Pupils will match a given list of vocabulary words with their definitions

一個祖事時, 白河

- the two main differences in ways of life Pupils will be able to state in writing between borthern and southern states.
- Mason-Dixon Line Division, Trace line Define northern and southern states, on a map.) BB.
- South Agrarian, small and large farms, Discuss and list two main differences North - Industrial, small farm, few and place in notebooks. many slaves if any EXAMPLE: BB.
- of life in northern and southern states. General reading and research on ways BB.

Pupils will be able to list in writing

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and the South and list a reason behind

each problem.

THE RESIDENCE OF STREET STREET, STREET

人名英格兰英英格兰英英格兰 医克里氏管 经的过程 经营业的 医外丛

three problems that divided the North

- ssue of Slavery Should new states e slave states? (South needed slaves; out three problems that divided north these problems. Place in notebooks, ind south and list reasons behind Discuss reading of pupils. Draw north did not.) EXAMPLE: Others ပ္ပ
- Have pupils assume the role of a northern owner. Describe their attitudes towards industrialist or southern plantation slavery in a written paragraph. B B

The pupil will write a paragraph stating

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reasons why people were for or against

slavery.

ACTIVITIES -- Continued

B. Pupil will state in writing two main

differences in ways of life between

northern and southern states.

BB. Laidlaw, Our Country, p. 254

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Harper Row, The Story of Our Country, pp. 251-265
Silver Burdett, Changing New World, Ginn, <u>Trails to Freedom</u>, pp. 332-335 Laidlaw, Our Country, pp. 244-252, pp. 195-197 265 (Picture) To the Contract

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Harper Row, The Story of Our Country, pp. 262-266 Laidlaw, Our Country, pp. 246-248
Heath, In These United States,
p. 183 Singer, This Is Our Land, pp. 337-338

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e problem. at there is like singer South and list a reason behind each problems that divided the North and

| 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 10

D. Assuming the role of a northern industria the pupil will write a paragraph stating his reasons for or against slavery. Colored design southers a reference of ist or a southern plantation owner,

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A COLUMN SERVICE AND DESCRIPTION OF THE SERVICE AND A SERV

్డాను కాట్లు కాట్లుకు కాటుకున్న ఉన్న

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CIORAL OBJECTIVES -- Continued

- Pupils "11 be able to debate given critical issues of Civil War times.
- Pupils will be able to name in writing two and describe their relationship to the political and two military leaders Civil War.
- Teacher might display Eyegate Chart Discussion to follow reading. General reading by pupil.
- Singer, p. 346) and use them as a basis stressing their importance both from Using the opaque projector, project for a discussion of major battles, the northern and southern point of the maps (Harper Row, pp. 270-271; 99
- Have pupils imagine they are a youngster Discussion by class of war devastation. Have them write a paragraph in Atlanta shortly after Sherman's General reading by pupils. March. HH.

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Read some of pupils' paragraphs to class. Jse these to lead into a discussion of attitudes and reactions of both sides II.

describing the land, buildings, etc.

ACTIVITIES -- Continued

- Define the word "debate" by using lictionaries and class discussion, 品
- senting the South, and they will debate senting the North and the other repre-To demonstrate their understanding of divide up into two groups, one reprethe critical issues of the time such The pupils should base their debate procedure upon the pothe word "debate," the pupils will litical debates of today. as slavery. EE.

動物では

- important Civil War battles and state a Pupils will be able to orally list two significant factor of each. EXAMPLE:
- South and most feel a major turning point Artietam - North stops southern invasion. Gettysburg - A serious defeat for the In the war.
- H. Pupils will write a paragraph describing the physical destruction of the South as a result of the Civil War.
- Fuplie will verbally describe attitudes one another immediately after the Civil of northerners and southerners towards

Use reference material mentioned in Resources CC.

185-191 Heath, In These United States, pp. Ginn, Trails to Freedom, pp. 335-339

Laidlaw, Our Country, pp. 254-256 Silver Burdett, Changing New World, pp. 198-201

Singer, This Is Our Land, pp. 341-346 Harper Row, The Story of Our Country, p. 269-272

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HH. pp. 201-203 Silver Burdett, Changing New World, Harper Row, Laidlaw, Our Country, pp. 260-263 pp. 273-274 The Story of Our Country,

> describe their relationship to the war. political and two military leaders and The pupil will list, in writing, two Constitutions will be be attached

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李朝 医外侧 医动物

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मोगर्के का कर्ण अस्मार्थको है। यह जानक जानकार प्राथमित each was important; The stages The pupils will orally list two important battles of the Civil War and tell why

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a result of the Civil War. physical destruction of the South as turned in to the teacher describing the Charles to state to the terms of the terms o

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one another immediately after the of northerners and southerners toward Pupils will verbally describe attitudes Civil War.

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THE CLUB

EVALUATION -- Continued

S. The pupils will debate critical issues

of the Civil War times.

HO TOWNSHIP WON'S SIGNIFIED

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The people of the United States have met their problems with varying degrees of success.

The state of the s

Individualism and equality of opportunity, basic to democracy, are frequently challenged by the racist.

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES

- A. The pupil will be able to list verbally the essential characteristics of a Civil War and some special problems that are created by Civil War.
 - B. Pupils will be able to list verbally the specific right granted by the 13th, 14th, and 15th Amendments.

 13th Freed Negro from slavery 14th Insured Negro citizenship 15th Gave Negro the right to vote

C. Pupils will be able to verbally describe any two aspects of the reconstruction process.

EXAMPLE:
South excupled by northern troops.
State governments controlled by North.
Rebuilding railroads, roads, and other areas of transportation.
Rebuilding homes, farms, etc.
Rebuilding and developing industry.

ACTIVITIES

- AA. Discuss the term "Civil War."
 List characteristics of Civil War on
 board. List some special problems that
 Civil Wars have created.
- 3B. Have class view the 13th, 14th, and 15th Amendments. Discuss what each guarantees for the Negro. Discuss the extent to which the guarantees have been fulfilled. Copy mendments 13, 14, and 15, and place in notebooks.
- CC. Define the term "reconstruction."
 General reading by pupils on reconstruction.
 Discuss the physical aspects of necessary
 reconstruction in the South.

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AA. Dictionary

Ginn, Trails to Freedom, pp. 339-340 Laidlaw, Our Country, pp. 262-263 pp. 274 Harper Row, The Story of Our Country,

Singer, This Is Our Land, pp. 344-352 Heath, In These United States, pp. Silver Burdett, Changing New World, pp. 202-204 Laidlaw, Our Country, pp. 260-263
Harper Row, The Story of Our Country, 189-191 Encyclopedia

EVALUATION

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The pupil will orally list the essential characteristics of a Civil War and state some special problems that it creates. TOTAL OF WELL A SER HELPER

B. The pupil will name the main provisions of the 13th, 14th, and 15th Amendments.

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The pupil will select what he considers to be the most important aspects of how they would be carried out. physical reconstruction and describe

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VIORAL OBJECTIVES -- Continued

D. Pupils will be able to describe two areas of activity Negroesengaged in during the period of reconstruction that were forbidden to Negroes before this time.

E. Pupils will be able to describe verbally the attitude of most white southerners toward the Negroes and the resulting actions white southerners took during and after reconstruction that affected the Negroes' future.

 Pupils will be able to verbally list one example of a problem faced by the Negro in our industrial society and tell how this is related to the actions taken against Negroes after the Civil War.

ACTIVITIES -- Continued

- DD. From general reading discuss the activities of the Negro during reconstruction.

 Draw out items such as the following:
 - 1. Negroes assume roles in government.
 - Negroes given some opportunities for education.
 - Negroes given opportunity for better jobs.
- 4. Medical facilities and organizations like the Freedman's Bureau helped ease the plight of the Negro.
- EE. Continue discussion. List on board some of the actions taken by southerners against Negroes. Draw out and state such items. List attitudes these actions suggest.
 - 1. Negroes were threatened to prevent them from voting.
- 2. Terror organizations used violence against the Negro.

 a. Knights of the White Camellia b. Knights of the Klu Klux Klan
 - 3. Failure to provide education and employment.

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- 4. Attitudes of hate, animosity, and bigotry.
- dealing with the position of the Negro in our society today. Relate these problems to previously discussed attitude and actions of Civil War and reconstruction days. Introduce the term "segregation." EXAMPLE:

Few skilled jobs - Little training because of lack of industry and education in southern states.

High rate of unemployment - lack of education, training, and the existence of prejudice.

Benefic Press, The Progress of the Afro-American, pp. 60-77

EE. Benefic Press, The Progress of the Afro-American, pp. 68-77

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Afro-American, pp. 12-13 Benefic Press, The Progress of the

> D. The pupil will verbally describe two areas of activity the Negroes engaged forbidden to them before. in during reconstruction that were

The pupils will orally describe the attitude of many white southerners reconstruction that affected the Negroes southerners took during and after Tools toward the Negroes and the action these future. A TOWNS ON THE

taken against the Negro after the Civil War. tell how it is related to the action Negroes in our industrial society and example of a problem faced by the The pupils will orally state one

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because at that time either no one had invented Only simple machines were used in early America better ones or no one could make the machines

which were being comtemplated.

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES 大大公司 明明的母母有事了 接近人 经已经算量的

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- simple machines used in early America. The pupils will list verbally several Hand loom, spinning wheel, and hand EXAMPLE: carder.
- resources whose development contributed The pupils will list in writing three to the growth of industries. æ.

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中国教育工作 建四层工具工作 THE RESERVE OF STREET 的复数不可 机分位

CONTENT

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- 1. Development of industry Industrial Revolution
 - Resources . B
- Inventions
- Communication
- Transportation
 - Machinery
- Representative industries ن
 - Textiles
 - Steel
- Effects of industrialization
 - a, Labor
- Growth
- 2) Organizations Growth of Cities ė

ACTIVITIES

- Through a teacher directed discussion, the pupils will review various simple The pupil should be able to relate the machine to its purpose. machines used in early (colonial) ₩.
- Through reading and research, the pupils will list the resources, the development of which contributed to the growth of the Industrial Revolution. BB.

108

RESOURCES

A. Fideler, Colonial America

BB. Silver Burdett, Changing New World, pp. 241-244
Harper Row, The Story of Our Country, p. 291
Laidlaw, Our Country, pp. 33-35

()

EVALUATION

- A. The pupils will list verbally several simple machines used in early America
- B. The pupil will list in writing three resources the development of which contributed to the growth of industry.

four inventions and the impact each had Pupils will be able to list in writing on the growth of industry in America. EXAMPLE: Steam engine - A source of power to run Cotton gin - Cleans seed from cotton Telegraph - Speeds communication of many machines at once. ideas and information

with much greater speed than hard labor.

Pupil will be able to state crally one example of an early industry to make Sreat use of machines.

ARRIGATE TRANSPORTER BY SER CAREFORD OF CORE

"Does an abundance of natural resources insure a high standard of living?" Pose the question: 既.

The pupil will be able to verbally state that the greatest part of the Industrial

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Revolution was the change that tock

place in the minds of men.

Bring out the idea that it is the mind of man, working on these resources, that makes them effective.

Through reading and research, the pupils will construct a three column listing of inventors, inventions, and the Impact these had on the growth of industry in America. XAMPLE: 8

IMPACT ON INDUSTRY INVENTION INVE TOR

one group representing the steel industry The class will discuss their individual in individual social studies notebooks posed that should be recorded and kept charts, and a class chart will be com-Divide the class into two groups with sach group will research the developind the other the textile industry. nent and impact of the industry. 8

DD. Steel, Supplement packet on Manufacturing Filmstrip, How Steel is Made
Ginn, Trails to Freedom, pp. 346-348
Heath, In These United States, pp. 192-193

Textiles

Heath, In These Unived States, pp. 263-264
337-339

Singer, This Is Our Land, Check Index
Write to:

7

National Cotton Council of America P.O. Box 12285 Memphis, Tennessee 38112 (Information and charts on cotton FREE)

EE. Silver Burdett, Changing New World, p. 241

Write letter requesting material before group project.

inventions and the impact seach had on the growth of industry in America.

The growth of industry in America.

The provided the provide

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D. The pupils will give one oral example of an early industry that made great use of machines.

E. The pupil will state orally in his own words the idea that it was the mind of man that made the Industrial Revolution what it was.

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meant that his reasonable ample reward for work became was a unique feature of the American colonies. This attitudesof feudalism and mexcantilism toward labor a most significant power in the developing market. The dignity of the laborer in contrast with the (Economics)

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES

Pupil will be able to express his opinion as to why every laborer has worth and dignity.

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ACTIVITIES COM ACCORDANCE OF THE CONTRACTOR

pupils will list the occupations they wish to No names needed -- just The teacher will circulate a paper on which the teacher will read the list to the class occupations. Upon completion of the list, and select a few of the more common ones engage in as adults. AA.

Who Who made and using this question: "Who will do the jobs important and worthy of dignity. manufactured the desk? b) Who originated, From this deduce the dependence of one job necessary so that you can carry out your ger many After selecting a few analyze as a class assembled, sold, etc. the typewriter. keeps the office in proper condition. occupation?" E.B. SECRETARY a) TOTAL \$50 - \$55 - \$50

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CONCEPT

Man's effective use of machines has increased his productivity; this increased capacity to produce may influence the individual's and community's standard of living.

(Economics)

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RESOURCES

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EVALUATION

The pupil will state orally his reasons why every laborer has worth and dignity

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Trace several agricultural products from your

table back to the original source.

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A. Pupils will be able to list in writing several farm machines that have helped increase food production.

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consideration to producers, people who handled product, and means of transporting. Compare the difference between today's processing and that of coenial times. (Use milk as an example.) Bring in marketing and transportation.

*Also show changes in its uses.

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- A. Make a chronological chart showing the progressive changes in marketing and transporting the farmers' saleable commodities.
- AA. Using diagrams, models, etc., make a display showing the advancement in farm machinery since the days of the homesteaders.
- AA. . Make a .comparison between a farm of the late 1800's and a modern farm of today.
- BB. Through reading and research, the pupils will keep a jotting list answering this key question: "During early industrialization, what factors contributed to the growth of cities?" Discuss answers as a class and compile a list to be placed in pupils notebooks.
- CC. Referring to the list recorded above, the pupils will discuss the problems that arose as a result of rapid industrialization and the growth of cities. This list should be recorded on the board and then in pupils' notebooks.

Pupils will state orally several problems

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that occurred as cities developed

Pupils will be able to list two factors

contributing to the growth of cities.

* Relate to current "growing pains" of the city.

MENRICHMENT ACTIVITY

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designation of a sample of

AA. Dairy Council, flow chart, (available in quantity), (poster wall chart) Milk From Farm to Family, sociotes infood productions of garage to farm machines that have helped increase A. The pupils will list in writing several

More Milk Please, booklet

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Filmstrip, A Country Store, MS-1021 ME-1024, picture frames 17-end

Chart, Land of Flenty

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Booklet, Land of Plenty pp. 226-227 Ginn, Trails to Freedom, pp. 373-377 pp: 303-306, 363-365 verseare Heath, In These United States The Story of Our Country,

factors contributing to the growth of The pupil will list in writing two cities.

Irails to Freedom, pp. 372-381 These United States

problems that developed as cities began The pupil will orally state several

of living by comparing goods and services of increased production on the standard available to a family in 1900 to those Pubils will demonstrate the influence available today.

Have resource person come in to explain perhaps grandparent or another knowledgeable life "in the good old days, person.

of the century with that of the present Inductive questioning to arrive at a comparison between life at the turn day. 8

What did they have for entertainment?

What did they have by way of portation?

types of food were available?

were the forms of communication? types of dress or clothing

did they have? (Relate to automation and syntherics.)

(Relate to automation What materials did they have to and synthetics.) make things?

written class comparison, 'Life in 1900 From either the resource person or the inductive questioning, make

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Resource person

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of today by constructing a comparison and available) of the 1900's with that of living (with goods and services

The pupil will compare the standard

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Natural" geographic elements and their associations in "natural habitats" differ from place to place throughout the United States.

Extractive industries

Types of Industry

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CONTENT

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Agriculture Lumbering

Fishing Mining

> earth influence the ways in which people live The natural materials and conditions of the and work.

Only simple machines were used in early America because at that time either no one had invented better ones or no one could make the machines which were being contemplated.

Man's effective use of machines has increased his productivity; this increased capacity to produce may influence the individual's and community's standard of living.

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES

Pupils will be able to define in writing the cerm"extractive industry."

ACTIVITIES

- Utilize inductive questions to define the term "extractive." AA.
- other material and procedures feasible graphs; diagrams, dioramas, and any presentation on one of the extractive Industries. Written reports, charts, Each Each group will present its topic to the class. group will prepare an in-depth Divide class into four groups. should be employed. ₩.
- reports. Draw out information and have Class discussion to summarize pupil pupil perform tasks indicated in Objectives B, C, D, and E. BB.

The pupil will be able to list in writing four extractive industries and a location in the United States in which each can

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RESOURCES

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Dictionary

Supplementary packets on Industry

Textbooks that pertain

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industries with a location in the U. S. The pupil will match the four extractive

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-- JAVIORAL OBJECTIVES -- Continued

ACTIVITIES -- Continued

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have pupil perform tasks indicated in

Objectives B, C, D, and E.

Draw out information and

reports.

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Class discussion to summarize pupil

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associated with each extractive industry and state how the latter has improved The pupil will place in chart form a simple tool and a complex machine the industry. EXAMPLE: ပံ

Cut more trees down in less dirt in less EFFECT ON INDUSTRY Remove more time. time. COMPLEX TOOL Stean-shove1 Chain MBB Parities. SIMPLE Shovel TOOL Axe and the same of Porestry INDUSTRY Mining

Pupil will verbally cite an example of increased productivity and the resulting rise in the standard of EXAMPLE: Living.

Increased heating convenience Increased natural gas production

Increased bauxite mining uses for aluminum and efficiency

reports. Draw out information and have Class discussion to summarize pupil pupils perform tasks indicated in B B

The table of the second

Objectives B, C, D, and E.

State of the State

consisting of a simple too a complex machine a C. The pupils will construct a chart complex machine has extractive industry X 語言語 かつ

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The pupils will verbally give an example in the rise of the standard of living. of how increased productivity has resulted

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and how much to produce and in what management, and capital are to is faced with economic decisions AN WEST STORY DAY SEED

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES

factory system with a given definition. factors necessary for developing the Pupils will be able to match the six

B. Pupils will be able to define in writing the term "fabricating."

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three examples of fabricating industries Pupils will be able to verbally list In the city of West Allis

CONTENT

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2. Fabricating industries

Factory system organization

Capital

Resources

Labor

Concentration of machines Management

Automation

Examples of fabricating industries ٥

Purpose for fabricating industries ວ່

ACTIVITIES

Discuss the essential elements that must be available in organizing and running a factory. AA.

Have pupils select a product they would of operation necessary to develop the like to produce and formulate a plan EXAMPLE: product. AA.

Bicycle - Bicycle factory

Relate all the factors pertaining to factory systems when setting up this Imaginary organization. AA.

meaning. If this fails, try the dictionary. Record the definition in their notebooks. Using an inductive questioning approach, attempt to have pupils arrive at the term "fabricating" as well as its 88

Allis fabricating industries listing Using a West Allis Directory or from said industries and products on the personal experience, discuss West chalkboard ဗ<u>္</u>

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医多种 经有的的证据 化氯化 化多分类性异性物 医二种抗毒 (2) 本の中には、本に知らられ、はてあい、「から、みなどのはださ」

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West Allis Directory

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roper oils and isobiritation and after the circumstance of endest to coast the cost of production and to the sections and the Scoots of assertions of the past them the tractioned and Given a set of definitions, the pupils will match the six factors necessary the correct definition. for developing the factory system with POSTITUTE CONSTITUTE

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Substitute of the to obtain an allies of the the region with the exercipation charges B. The pupil will be able to define writing the term "fabricating."

examples of fabricating industries The pupil will list verbally three in the city of West Allis.

1 SAL OBJECTIVES -- Continued

- relationship of capital, resources, labor, Pupils will make a diagram showing the etc., on industry. Ä
- Pupil will be able to list in writing the main purpose of fabricating industries M

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一百八日的 多时的人的 我回答 通過人民 一個一個人的 经有的 我们的有好的对象 CONCEPT meraca vistoal and iniquiaval rol

the conviction that an individual has the right enough to cover the cost of production and to to attempt to sell his goods or services for American enterprise has been predicated upon (Economics) realize a fair profit.

Pupils will be able to state in writing the reason why the distributor charges e certain price for a given item. BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES

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with a diagram of the factory system. Teacher will present a transparency Discuss and have pupils place in notebooks. 8

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ACTIVITIES -- Continued

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for what reason do we have fabricating fabricating and extractive industries? What is the relationship between Discuss the following questions: industries?

Have pupils record the reason and the season relationships in their notebooks

CONTENT

Distribution and sales Distributive industries Transportation

Communication

Design Product ACTIVITIES AA.

The assembling of the product Buy raw materials

Transportation Sales just the raw materials and labor. The cost of packaging It also includes:

The final cost includes more than

The cost of shipping The cost of storage

The cost of commission to

salesmen

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RESOURCES--Continued

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Outline provided in content 47 (15 (17

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Ď. With the aid of terms and definitions, the relationship between capital, resources, labor, etc., to industry, the pupil will make a diagram showing

main purpose of fabricating industries. The pupil will list in writing the

inventions of a giatelly equipment.

EVALUATION

entry of sections that the section (every certain price for a given item The pupils will state in writing the reason why the distributor charges a Laries asserts for fixe

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the marking of the filly lead in TOTAL INTERPOSE OF TENENTS BETTEN TO CONTINUE . Pupil will define in writing the term

'profit."

Pupils will verbally describe several functions of a distributive industry. ပ

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(five) distributive industries in the Pupils will list in writing several city of West Allis.

\<u>}</u>

AA. -- Continued

The cost of federal, local, The cost of office work

The cost of advertising and state taxes ÷ Discuss bicycle factory. What is done with final product? Why is a certain price charged? AA.

the term "profit." Place in notebooks. for the effective combination of labor, Pupils through discussion will define group, ar arganization as a reward "The return received by a person, land, and capital," or "Earnings above and beyond cost." BB.

Have a resource person from a distributive Industry tell class about functions of his industry. Discussion to follow. ပ္ပ

Have pupils visit a distributive industry. ဗ္ပ

Class discussion on pupil experience with distributive industries. ပ္ပ

list on the board distributive industries From pupil responses, the teacher will ä

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dažitovo lauktoromin s aecipie med BB. World Book Encyclopedia CONTROL CONTRO CONTRACTOR AND THE CONTRACTOR THE HOUSE DESIGNATION

Prince the Someth are correct on 我有需要提到了人们的特别,这些女子是是一个是一个是这个的情况,可是要是被<mark>这种</mark> wholes a transfer product product of the second STATE TO STATE OF STATE OF STATE STATE STATES 1000年 · 明代的 1000年 1000年 1000年 1000年 Resource person and personal experience 1 22 770

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EVALUATION -- Continued 1 mos- 00 Trade 1 mos 10 Trade 1

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From a list of given definitions the pupil will select the one that defines "profit."

"distributive industry." The pupil will verbally describe

Books with selections to blice to be an amount of the care. inductors of West Allies to your at (already bus) his to estat your most beviewer ad you menty to distributive industries in the city D. The pupil will list in writing five

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B CORAL OBJECTIVES -- Continued

factors that are considered in the cost The pupil will list in writing three of the production of a given item. Taking production costs into consideration pupil will verbally state the meaning and the definition of "profit," the and implications of the term "fair

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adarrana eliabras, llia isque adr STATE THE STATE OF STATES AND STATES CONTENT

goods and services to other communities throughout (and the world) in many different ways. Goods and The country is linked to other parts of the U. S. services may be received from many parts of the country and in turn the community may supply 新世界 等等時間 本語 Bar 不可以 是可以的是是是 我 CONCEPT

lave pupils record outline in their Refer to outline under Content AA. social studies notebooks. EE,

ACTIVITIES -- Continued

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price. After the papers are collected, state: "There is no one right answer. The teacher should What would be a fair price to charge then propose a theoretical question: Have children place price on a piece cost of production according to the for this item taking into account a and as a class analyze the supposed of paper and give a reason for this Take a manufactured item (Frisbey) air profit for the manufacturer, some questions on values could be A CONTRACT THE POST OF A GREEN PORCE wholesaler, and retailer?" outline under AA. FF.

'Is the suggested price so high that the average person cannot or should purchase it?" not no

EE. Outline, World Book Encyclopedia

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我们在 经有限的 医线 人名英格兰 经工作 计图 医神经病 计自然的 医野球 化多性分类 医阴茎 化二氯苯基甲基苯基苯基苯基 医原毒素 医牙囊管 CHOSTOR . WINDOW OR NO TO AND MORE BOARD · 等人。 机链路 使发放的 斯克尔

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門等 不以被問的問題 沙江 St. Boundays Sames, Johnson at Chic. · BOOK TOTAL BOOK TOTAL TOTAL AND CONTROL ALLE Seconds and a description of the second and th \$08\$\$508 THE SET LEADING DESIGNATION A THE PARTY OF THE RE さいはか あかけい 古とい I TOOKER THE PERSON · STEELS

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The of production of a given item.

as a reason factors that are considered in the cost E. The pupils will list in writing three

the term "fair profit." reality the meaning and one implication of pupil will state with some degree of

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TOTAL BENEVICE THE PARTY OF SALES OF LABOR. Total miss shi swipers vo 12, 11, and ma STATES AND STATES OF STATES AND S physic anderservery of abtour 172 nose three of them.

A. 1990年,我还是有一个的企业

The pupil will be able to list in writing three different ways in which communities throughout the nation are linked.

THE STATE OF THE PARTY STATE OF THE PARTY OF

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THE PARTY OF THE P

The pupils will orally distinguish between or the combination of the two by citing natural linkage and man-made linkage two examples of each. ģ

Using atlas, the pupils will illustrate in the U. S. by tracing the main water their understanding of natural linkage routes and listing in writing at least three of them. ပ

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child select one city or area in the Allis as a starting point, have each Inited States as a destination. AA. Using a physical may of the United States as a whole and using West

West Allis to the city or area of his Have each child discuss and show all the possible ways of traveling from choice, either on an individual map or a class map. A.

Discuss waterways, terrain, railroads highways, and air routes connecting different parts of our country. ¥.

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raw material from the extractive industries?" of linkage and relate: "Which would be the most efficient way of moving several examples of the three types Based on the above discussion, the natural linkage, man-made linkage, their atlas, the pupils will cite and the combination of the two. class will distinguish between: BB.

Using their atlases, the children will St. Lawrence Seaway, Columbia, Ohio, point out an important water route. Using e wall map, the teacher will then locate others. Mississippi EXAMPLE: EXAMPLE: Missouri ပ္ပ

Special purpose maps (Air routes, railroad routes, highway routes)

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,是我们是是是这一个是是,我们是这个人,我们们是是一个人,我们们是我们的一个人,我们是这个人, 73.455 3167T(8) (18) sources by goinging on edde othics Wall good Chart State Chart, coch CONTRACT COO COURS CANDERS STREET OUR CHE WARRY

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一個自然的人物學是一個人學 一個人 医二种 人名英格兰人姓氏 The second of the second second end exposits.

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EVALUATION

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The pupil will list in writing three ways in which communities throughout our nation are linked.

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two examples of each. the combination of the two by giving natural linkage, man-made linkage, and The pupil will orally distinguish between

natural linkage. main water routes that are examples of The pupil will list in writing three

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ACTIVITIES -- Continued

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made transportation, the pupil should be able to locate the major terminals and tell why they became major cities Using maps showing networks of man-

THE COLD NAME OF THE PARTY OF T SECTION TRACES OF THE MARKS TRACES OF AND CONTROL OF THE STATE OF THE でなる。自身発行の信仰になれ、中国ので CONTENT

Stress cooperation of states and countries. ell about your voyage through water-Seaway, Soo Locks, Mississippi River Imagine you are a freighter captain; (St. Lawrence Relate this to shipping of imports Welland Canal, Erie Canal, etc.) says in our country. and exports. ပ္ပ

That determines the location of the Discuss: What is a "terminal?" different kinds of terminals?

transportation. Note the major terminals and discuss why these cities have become to find maps showing the networks of Have pupils use reference material important. EXAMPLE: 8

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Chicago - First important in transportaby Indians, - fur trade, - stock yard, tion as a portage (overland route) Now Chicago ranks as the leading meat packing, - to present day. wholessle distributing center,

> Communities in the world tend to become closely related as transportation and communication

(Political Science

CONCEPT

Improve

A The pupil will list in writing three ways in which communities throughout our nation are linked.

AA. Special purpose maps (Air routes, railroad routes, highway routes) at rooms to an enginee as eight sinked Care wanted to a structure of a Section of the Care o . 4710000 \$5000 B

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natural linkage, man-made linkage, and two examples of each. the combination of the two by giving

The pupil will orally distinguish between

The pupil will list in writing three main water routes that are examples of natural linkage.

COMMENS

classic smoote of bred offer and it astitumnoo the statement of the section and the section of the Controlly Required はおれるである。

- The pupil will be able to orally define example of why it is necessary for man the word communication and give an to communicate.
- AA : Discoss: In what ways does man communicate? (Develop understanding of 'communicate.")
- Imagine life today without our modern nethods of communication. A.

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- and how advertising is a communication Note (newspaper, letter, postcard, link to the distributive industries. Arrange an exhibit of communication low these permit men to share ideas record, tape, pictures of radio,)iscuss the importance of each. elevision; etc.). nethods AA.
- Using a graph, discuss and compare the means and speed of travel. (Heath, p. 201) BB.

The pupil will indicate his understanding

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「日本の日本学をでする。」 日本の (新聞の名) (新聞の名)

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of the growth of transportation by a written comparison between past and

present modes of transportation.

Wright Bros. - Current jets

Mayflower - Ocean liners

EXAMPLE:

past and present modes of transportation, Pupils will construct a chart comparing BB.

PRESENT	
PAST	
TRANSPORTATION	
OF	
MEANS	

DRAL OBJECTIVES

PARK PRODUCTIONS TO THE

mendator of operations -- confidence

Silver Burdett, The Changing New World Laidlaw, Our Country, C. 29, T.M., pp. 112, 214-246

A. The pupil will orally define "communicate" and give one reason why, communication is basic to the needs of man.

Heath, In These United States, pp. 200-220

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The pupil will indicate his understanding of the evolution in transportation by two examples of how transportation has changed in the last 100 years.

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H. Cr.

The pupil will be able to list five communication media that have served to link the world such as the transatlantic cable, telstar, T.V.

CC. Read for information on the various when and how they were invented or methods of communication telling Keep notes or a improved upon. jotting list.

"Nations share ideas through communication Prepare a working bulletin board on and transportation." ပ္ပ

T.

C

EXAMPLE:

Eating habits - chopsticks

Fashions - mini skirt

Christmas customs - St. Nick

Architectures - Gothic

Have children find pictures, objects, or written materials related to the

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View filmstrip, The Airplane Changes America. ပ္ပ

Use Telstar as a link to trends. ပ္ပ

RAL OBJECTIVES -- Continued

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EVALUATION -- Continued

The pupil will list in writing five communication media that have served to link the world.

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T.

and technology change, his way of living and use Man can modify his environment. As man's ideas of geographic elements may change.

CONTENT

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National Trends

Technological trends

Automation

Cybernetics (Computerization)

Atomic and solar energy

Space technology

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Food production Travel

Others

ACTIVITIES

Pupils will be able to define in writing

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES

the term technology.

Pupils will be able to list in writing three areas of technology that pertain

æ

to technological growth in our nation.

define technology. Discuss this defini-Use dictionaries and encyclopedias to Place definition in notebooks, ₩.

surate with pupils' interest and ability. Discuss to the extent commen-Discuss with pupils various areas of bring in information relating to the List areas mentioned on Have pupils gather and echnology. chalkboard. topic. BB.

of interest. Let them meet with others Let pupils select a technological area of this group to discuss various ramifications of this topic. ပ္ပ

describing the possible growth and effect

of this area on future society.

Pupil will be able to select one area of technology and write a paragraph Finish pupil peer discussions and have pupils write a paragraph as per objective "C." ဗ္ဗ

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Materials gathered

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EVALUATION

A. The pupil will define the word "technology" in writing.

PENYATERY ORDERATORS

areas of technological growth apparent ain the U.S. aven contact the inform The pupil will list in writing three

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CONSTRUCTOR OF CHE BECKELL CON THE CALL CONTROL original paragraph describing its possible growth and effect on society growth, the pupils will write an Selecting one area of technological

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As societies grow and their cultures become more complex their laws and institutions also become more complex, as well as more numerous.

Man modifies his culture to meet the social and economic needs of the members of his cultures.

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES

- A. The pupil will be able to define in writing the term "institution."
- B. The pupil will be able to compare verbally at least one institution of colonial times with a similar one of today. 1.e., Schools, store, hospitals.
- C. The pupil will be able to verbally give two examples illustrating the greater complexity of the present day instittion compared to the earlier institution.

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CONTENT

- B. Socio-Economic Trends
- . Urban renewal . Racial differences
 - Education
- Welfare program
 - Leisure time
- Population growth
 - Value changes

ACTIVITIES

- AA. Using the dictionary, the pupil will select the correct definition of the word "institution" and record the definition to be used in their notebooks.
- BB. Through a class discussion, construct a brief class chart comparing colonial institutions with institutions of today.

 Note growth and changes. After comparing, ask. "Could certain needs of society be met without certain given institutions?" i.e., Poor, sick, old, etc.
- through discussion, should realize that there is a prime reason for the difference.

 Ask: "Why is there such a difference in institutions?" (To meet the expanding population and the growing needs of the people.)

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RESOURCES

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A. 12000

1500 C.T.

AA. Dictionary, Encyclopedia

BB. Fideler, Colonial Americ

?

CC. Current statistics
Almanacs

EVALUATION

看養職就例行為以及以立所 就等以法

如此,我也是我们的时候,我们就是一种的时候,我们就是我们的一种的时候,我们就是我们的时候,我们就是我们的时候,我们就是我们的时候,我们就是我们的时候,我们就是我们的时候,我们就是我们的时候,我们就是

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- A. The pupil will define in writing the term "institution."
- B. The pupil will verbally compare at least one institution of colonial times with a similar one of today.
- In the pupil will verbally give two examples illustrating the greater complexity of the present day institution compared to earlier institutions.

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nas aggravated the problems in the core, paragraph showing how lack of education 'tool" in today's world by writing a standing of education as a necessary The pupil will illustrate his under-CORTIVES -- Continued ė

urban areas. (It might be interesting to project possible remedies for this

struation.]

and general or of our day that there are

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ACTIVITIES -- Continued

Begin discussion by asking: 'What is education?" 8

key to a community that meets the needs Why is education the of the people with the people contri-Olscuss problem:

around these questions would bring out Disgussion and activities centered buting to the community?

Why is more education needed today? in education: trends

What kinds of jobs are available?

What kinds of education would be

There could you get this kind of needed for these jobs? ducation?

education be needed by the time low can lack of education cause Will more or different kinds of you finish high school?

problems?

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showing how lack of education has D. The pupil will write a paragraph

aggravated problems in the core; and urban areas. Live and areas

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The pupils will indicate their awareness of free Institutions or extended opporin their community by listing at least tunities for personal advancement found (Vocational School) three in writing.

and the opportunities available within: After reading and research; the class, ist the free institutions available hrough a discussion, will verbally The community; 2. The county. EE.

The teacher will then list these on the board.

"What do these provide for the citizens?" As the institutions are listed ask:

Conduct a symposium. Tell about the various institutions and how they handle a problem.

ipparent cultural changes evidenced Eased on pupil observation and exerience, compile a class list of n our society. XAMPLE: FF

The pupil will indicate his understanding

at least three changes that have taken

place recently and have affected our

of cultural change by orally listing

From this the pupil should

also be able to project.

way of life.

Concept of Masculinity - Long hair Ausic - Singing groups from Europe Clothing - Paper dresses Determine the definition of value through discussion. Continue discussing changes; stress value changes. 99

two value changes the beginnings of which

are evidenced in our society.

EXAMPLE:

The pupil will be able to orally list

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Guaranteed Annual Wage - Should everyone

Moral Values - Break down of family

unit, etc.

work for a living?

PENRICHMENT ACTIVITY

The pupil will list in writing three institutions (free) or

opportunities for personal advancement.

Current News Media Magazines T.V. Papers Radio H.

beginning to take place in our society. The pupil will orally list two value changes that are taking place or

The pupil will orally list three cultural

changes that have taken place recently

and have affected our way of life.